

Sepher Ya'aqob (James)

Chapter 1

Shavua Reading Schedule (45th sidrot) - James, 1 & 2 Peter, 1 & 2 & 3 John, Judas
אַיִלְוָנִים וְאֶתְנָהָרָה אֶלְעָזָר אֶלְעָזָר אֶלְעָזָר אֶלְעָזָר אֶלְעָזָר
בְּגִיאָה וְבְגִיאָה וְבְגִיאָה וְבְגִיאָה וְבְגִיאָה

אֲבָקָב עֹבֵד אֱלֹהִים וְאֶדְגִּינוּ יְהוָשָׁעַ הַמָּשִׁיחַ
שְׁאֵל לְשָׁלוֹם שְׁנִים עַשֶּׂר הַשְׁבָּטִים שְׁבָגּוֹלָה:

1. Ya`aqob `ebed 'Elohim wa'Adoneynu Yahushuà haMashiyach
sho'el lish'lom sh'neym `asar hash'batim shebagolah.

Jam1:1 Ya`aqob (James), a servant of Elohim and of our Adon (Master)
וְאֶתְנָהָרָה the Mashiyach, ask for peace to the twelve tribes who are in the dispersion.

1:1> Ἰάκωβος θεοῦ καὶ κυρίου Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ δοῦλος
ταῖς δώδεκα φυλαῖς ταῖς ἐν τῇ διασπορᾷ χαίρειν.

1 Iakōbos theou kai kyriou Iēsou Christou doulos
James of Elohim and of the Master Yahushua the Anointed One a servant,
tais dōdeka phylais tais en tē diasporā chairein.
to the twelve tribes in the dispersion, grace.

בְּאֵךְ לְשִׁמְחָה חָשַׁבוּ לִכְמָם אַחֲרֵי כִּאָשֶׁר תָּבָא בְּגִיסִּינּוֹת שׁוֹנוֹת:
2. 'a'k l'sim'chah chish'bu lakem 'echay ka'asher tabo'u b'nis'yonoth shonim.

Jam1:2 But for joy, consider of you, my brothers, when you came into different trails,
2> Πᾶσαν χαρὰν ἡγήσασθε, ἀδελφοί μου, ὅταν πειρασμόν περιπέσητε ποικίλοις,
2 Pasan charan hēgēsasthe, adelphoi mou, hotan peirasmois peripesēte poikilois,
All joy consider it, my brothers, whenever trials you fall into various,

גַּמְפְּנֵי שִׁלְדָּעִים אַתֶּם כִּי־בָּחָן אַמְוֹנְתֶּכֶם מִבְּרִיא לִידֵי סְבִּלְנוֹת:
3. mip'ney sheyod'im 'attem ki-bochan 'emunath'kem mebi' liydey sab'lanuth.

Jam1:3 because you know that the testing of your faith produces
into the power of endurance.

3> γινώσκοντες ὅτι τὸ δοκίμιον ὑμῶν τῆς πίστεως κατεργάζεται ὑπομονήν.
3 ginōskontes hoti to dokimion hymōn tēs pisteōs katergazetai hypomonēn.
knowing that the testing of your faith works endurance.

דַּוְהַפְּבִּלְנוֹת שְׁלָמָה תְּהִי בְּפַעַלָּה לְמַעַן תְּהִי שְׁלָמִים
וְתִמְמִים וְלֹא תִּחְסֹרֵי קָלָדָבָר:

4. w'hasab'lanuth sh'lemaḥ tih'yeh b'pha`alah
l'ma`an tih'yu sh'lemaim uth'mimim w'lo' thach's'ru kal-dabar.

Jam1:4 And let endurance have its perfection in operation,
so that you may be perfect and complete and not lacking anything.

«4» ἢ δὲ ὑπομονὴ ἔργον τέλειον ἔχετω, ἵνα ἡτε τέλειοι
καὶ ὀλόκληροι ἐν μηδενὶ λειπόμενοι.

4 hē de hypomonē ergon teleion echetō, hina ēte teleioi

And endurance work its complete let have, that you may be mature
kai holoklēroi en mēdeni leipomenoi.
and complete, in nothing lacking.

וְאִתָּה מִכֶּם כִּי יַחֲסֹר חֲכָמָה יַבְקַשְׁנָה מְאַלְּהִים הַפּוֹתָן
אֲלָל בְּנֵדִיבָה וְבָלָא הַגְּנָאת דְּבָרִים וַתְּנַתֵּן לוֹ:

5. w'ish mikem ki yech'sar chak'mah y'baq'shenah me'Elohim hanotheren
Iakol bin'dibah ub'lo' hona'ath d'barim w'thinathen lo.

Jam1:5 But if any of you, that shall lack wisdom, ask of Elohim who gives to all generously
and without reproaching words, and it shall be given to him.

«5» Εἰ δέ τις ὑμῶν λείπεται σοφίας, αἰτείτω παρὰ τοῦ διδόντος θεοῦ πᾶσιν ἀπλῶς
καὶ μὴ ὄνειδίζοντος καὶ δοθήσεται αὐτῷ.

5 Ei de tis hymōn leipetai sophias, aiteitō para tou didontos

But if anyone of you is lacking wisdom, let him ask from the one giving
theou pasin haplōs kai mē oneidizontos, kai dothēsetai autō.

Elohim to all generously and not reproaching, and it shall be given to him.

וְאִתָּה שִׁיבְקַשׁ בְּאֱמִנָה וּבְבָلִי סְפָק
אֲלָל סְפָק דָוָמָה לְגָל הַיּוֹם נְשָׁא וּמְטוּרָף בְּרוּתָה:

6. ubil'bad shey'baqesh be'emunah ubib'li sapheq
ki-ba`al sapheq domeh l'gal hayam nisa' um'toraph baruach.

Jam1:6 But only that he should ask in faith, without doubting,
for the one that doubts is like the wave of the sea, driven and tossed by the wind.

«6» αἰτείτω δὲ ἐν πίστει μηδὲν διακρινόμενος.
οὐ γάρ διακρινόμενος ἔστιν κλύδωνι θαλάσσης ἀνεμιζομένῳ καὶ ριπιζομένῳ.

6 aiteitō de en pistei mēden diakrinomenos; ho gar diakrinomenos
But let him ask in faith, nothing doubting; for the one doubting
eoiken klydōni thalassēs anemizomenō kai hripizomenō.
is like a wave of the sea being blown by the wind and being tossed.

וְאִתָּה שִׁיבְקַשׁ אֶת-אֱמִנָה אֲלָל סְפָק-לְגָל אֶת-הַיּוֹם נְשָׁא וּמְטוּרָף בְּרוּתָה

וְהַאֲيָשׁ הַהוּא אֶל-יִדְמָה בְּנֶפֶשׁ כִּי-יִשָּׂא דָבָר מֵאֹת יְהוָה:

7. w'ha'ish hahu' 'al-y'dameh b'naph'sho ki-yisa' dabar me'eth Yahúwah.

Jam1:7 For that man should not think in his soul

that he shall receive anything from יהוה,

<7> μὴ γὰρ οἰέσθω ὁ ἄνθρωπος ἐκεῖνος ὅτι λήμψεται τι παρὰ τοῦ κυρίου,

7 mē gar oiesthō ho anthrōpos ekeinos hoti lēmpsetai ti para tou kyriou,

Not for let think man that that he shall receive anything from YHWH,

וְאֵישׁ אֲשֶׁר חָלַק לְבּוֹ הַפְּכַפֵּךְ הַיָּא בְּכָל-הָרְכִּירָה:

8. 'ish 'asher chalaq libo haphak'pa'k hu' b'kal-d'rakayu.

Jam1:8 A man, who has his flattering heart, is unstable in all his ways.

<8> ἀνὴρ δύψυχος, ἀκατάστατος ἐν πάσαις ταῖς ὁδοῖς αὐτοῦ.

8 anēr dipsychos, akatastatos en pasais tais hodois autou.

he is a man double-minded, unstable in all his ways.

ט אָבָל הָאָח הַשְּׁפֵל יַתְהַלֵּל בְּרוּמָמוֹתָה:

9. 'abal ha'ach hashaphel yith'halel b'romamutho.

Jam1:9 But let the lowly brother boast in his exaltation,

<9> Καυχάσθω δὲ ὁ ἀδελφὸς ὁ ταπεινὸς ἐν τῷ ὑψει αὐτοῦ,

9 Kauchasthō de ho adelphos ho tapeinos en tō huuei autou,

Let boast but the brother lowly in his exaltation,

וְהַעֲשֵׂיר יַתְהַלֵּל בְּשִׁפְלוֹתָה כִּי יַעֲבֹר קָצֵין הַחַצִּיר:

10. w'he`ashir yith'halel b'shiph'lutho ki ya`abor k'tsits hechatsir.

Jam1:10 and the rich man boast in his humiliation,

because as the flower of the grass he shall pass away.

<10> ὁ δὲ πλούσιος ἐν τῇ ταπεινώσει αὐτοῦ, ὅτι ὡς ἄνθος χόρτου παρελεύσεται.

10 ho de plousios en tē tapeinōsei autou,

and the rich one in his humiliation,

hoti hōs anthos chortou pareleusetai.

because like a flower of the grass he shall pass away.

וְאֵין זֶבַח הַשְּׁמֵשׁ בְּחַטָּאת וְרִיבֶּשׁ אֶת-הַחַצִּיר
וַיַּבְלֵל צִיטָּו וְחַן מְרַאֲהוֹ אָבֵד כֵּן יַבְול הַעֲשֵׂיר בְּחַלְיכּוֹתָיו:

**11. ki zarach hashemesh b'chamatho way'yabesh 'eth-hechatsir
wayibol tsitso w'chen mar'ehu 'abad ken yibol he`ashir bahalikothayu.**

Jam1:11 For the sun rises with its burning heat and withers the grass;
and its flower falls off and the beauty of its appearance is destroyed;
so also the rich man in his ways shall fade away.

<11> ἀνέτειλεν γὰρ ὁ ἥλιος σὺν τῷ καύσωνι καὶ ἔξηρανεν τὸν χόρτον
καὶ τὸ ἄνθος αὐτοῦ ἐξέπεσεν καὶ ἡ εὐπρέπεια τοῦ προσώπου αὐτοῦ ἀπώλετο·
οὕτως καὶ ὁ πλούσιος ἐν ταῖς πορείαις αὐτοῦ μαρανθήσεται.

**11 aneteilen gar ho hēlios syn tō kausōni kai exēranen ton chorton
Rose for the sun with the burning heat and dried the grass
kai to anthos autou exepesen kai hē eurepeia tou prosōpou autou apōleto;
and its flower fell and the beauty of its appearance perished;
houtōs kai ho plousios en tais poreiais autou maranthēsetai.
thus also the rich man in his goings shall fade away.**

גָּאַתְּ יְהוָה עַל־עַמּוֹד בְּנִסְיוֹנוֹ כִּי כָּאֵשׁ נִבְחָן
בְּשָׂא עֲטָרָת הַחַיִם אֲשֶׁר־הַבְּטִיחָה לְאַהֲבָיו:

**12. 'ash'rey ha'ish ha`omed b'nis'yono ki ka'asher nib'chan
yisa' `atereth hachayim 'asher-hib'tiach Yahúwah l'ohabayu.**

Jam1:12 Blessed is a man who endures in his trial, for when he is tested,
he shall receive the crown of life which **עַמְלָנִים** has promised to those who love Him.

<12> Μακάριος ἀνὴρ ὃς ὑπομένει πειρασμόν, ὅτι δόκιμος γενόμενος
λήμψεται τὸν στέφανον τῆς ζωῆς ὃν ἐπηγγείλατο τοῖς ἀγαπῶσιν αὐτόν.

**12 Makarios anēr hos hypomenei peirasmon, hoti dokimos genomenos
Blessed is the man who endures trials, because having become approved
lēmpsetai ton stephanon tēs zōēs hon epēggelato tois agapōsin auton.
he shall receive the crown of life which He promises to the ones loving Him.**

אַל־יָאמֵר חֲמִנְסָה הָאֱלֹהִים נִפְנִי
וְאַל־יָאמֵר מְנֻסָּה וְרֻעָה לֹא־יִנְסָה אֲרֵשׁ:

**13. 'al-yo'mar ham'nuseh ha'Elohim nisani
ki ha'Elohim 'eynenu m'nuseh bara` w'hu' lo'-y'naseh 'ish.**

Jam1:13 Let no one say when he is tempted, I am tempted by Elohim,
for Elohim cannot be tempted by evil, and He Himself does not tempt any one.

<13> μηδεὶς πειραζόμενος λεγέτω ὅτι Ἀπὸ θεοῦ πειράζομαι·
ὁ γὰρ θεὸς ἀπείραστός ἐστιν κακῶν, πειράζει δὲ αὐτὸς οὐδένα.

**13 mēdeis peirazomenos legetō hoti Apo theou peirazomai;
No one being tempted let say, from Elohim I am being tempted,**

ho gar theos apeirastos estin kakōn, peirazei de autos oudena.

for Elohim is not tempted of evil things, He tempted and himself no one.

אָמֵן וְאַתָּה כִּי אַתָּה בְּבָנֵי אֱלֹהִים וְאַתָּה כִּי אַתָּה בְּבָנֵי אֱלֹהִים 14

יד כִּי אַמְ-גִּנְסֶה כָּל-אִישׁ בְּתָאוֹת נִפְשֹׁו אֲשֶׁר תִּסְתַּחַת וְתִפְתַּחַת:

14. ki 'im-y'nuseh kal-'ish b'tha'awath naph'sho 'asher t'sithehu uth'phatehu.

Jam1:14 But every man is tempted by the desires of his soul
that is drawn away and is allure.

<14> ἔκαστος δὲ πειράζεται ὑπὸ τῆς ἴδιας ἐπιθυμίας ἐξελκόμενος καὶ δελεαζόμενος·

14 hekastos de peirazetai hypo tēs idias epithymias exelkomenos kai deleazomenos;

But each one is tempted by his own desire, being drawn away and being allure;

אָמֵן וְאַתָּה כִּי אַתָּה בְּבָנֵי אֱלֹהִים וְאַתָּה בְּבָנֵי אֱלֹהִים 15
אָמֵן וְאַתָּה בְּבָנֵי אֱלֹהִים וְאַתָּה בְּבָנֵי אֱלֹהִים וְאַתָּה בְּבָנֵי אֱלֹהִים

טוֹן-אַחֲרֵי-כֵן קָרְתָּה שְׁפָאָה וְתָלֵד חֶטֶא
וְהַחֶטֶא כִּי נִגְמַר יוֹלִיד אַתְּ-הַמְּפֻרוֹת:

15. w'acharey-ken har'thah hata'awah wateled chet'
w'hachet' ki nig'mar yolid 'eth-hamaweth.

Jam1:15 Then after the desire has conceived, it gives birth to sin.
And sin, when it is accomplished, brings forth death.

<15> εἶτα ἡ ἐπιθυμία συλλαβοῦσα τίκτει ἀμαρτίαν,
ἡ δὲ ἀμαρτία ἀποτελεσθεῖσα ἀποκύει θάνατον.

15 eita hē epithymia syllabousa tiktei hamartian,
then the desire having conceived gives birth to sin,
hē de hamartia apotelestheisa apokuei thanaton.
and the sin having come to full growth brings forth death.

אָמֵן וְאַתָּה בְּבָנֵי אֱלֹהִים וְאַתָּה בְּבָנֵי אֱלֹהִים 16

טָאַל-תְּתַעַז אֲחֵי אֲהֹבָי:

16. 'al-tith`u 'achay 'ahubay.

Jam1:16 Do not be deceived, my beloved brothers.

<16> Μὴ πλανᾶσθε, ἀδελφοί μου ἀγαπητοί.

16 Mē planasthe, adelphoi mou agapētoi.
Do not be deceived, my beloved brothers.

אָמֵן וְאַתָּה בְּבָנֵי אֱלֹהִים וְאַתָּה בְּבָנֵי אֱלֹהִים וְאַתָּה בְּבָנֵי אֱלֹהִים 17
אָמֵן וְאַתָּה בְּבָנֵי אֱלֹהִים וְאַתָּה בְּבָנֵי אֱלֹהִים וְאַתָּה בְּבָנֵי אֱלֹהִים

יזְקִל-מִתְתָּה טֹבָה וְזְקִל-מִתְתָּה שְׁלָמָה תְּרֵד מִפְעָל מִאֵת
אָבִי הָאָרוֹת אֲשֶׁר חָלוּף וְזְקִל-צָל שְׁנֵיר אַרְן-עַמּוֹ:

17. *kal-matath tobah w'kal-matanah sh'lelah tered mima`al me'eth 'Abi ha'oroth 'asher chiluph w'kal-tsel shinuy 'eyn-`imo.*

Jam1:17 Every good gift and every perfect gift is from above, comes down from the Father of lights, which is transient and there is not every shade of change with Him.

<17> πᾶσα δόσις ἀγαθὴ καὶ πᾶν δώρημα τέλειον ἄνωθέν ἐστιν καταβαῖνον ἀπὸ τοῦ πατρὸς τῶν φύτων, παρ' ὧ οὐκ ἔνι παραλλαγὴ ἡ τροπῆς ἀποσκίασμα.

17 **pasa** **dosis** **agathē** **kai** **pan** **dōrēma** **teleion** **anōthen** **estin** **katabainon**

Every good endowment and every perfect gift is from above, coming down

apo tou patros tōn phōtōn, par' hō ouk eni parallagē ē tropēs aposkiasma.

from the Father of lights, with whom there is no variation or shadow of turning.

רִיחַ הָאֵלֶּה בְּחַפְצֹו יָלֶד אָוֹתָנוּ בְּדָבָר חֲאַמָּת לְהִיּוֹת
כְּמוֹ רָאשִׁית בְּפָרוּרִי יְצָרְבִּיו:

**18. hu' b'chehp'tso yalad 'othanu bid'bar ha'emeth lih'yoth
k'mo re'shith bikurey y'tsurayu.**

Jam1:18 Of His own will He brought us forth by the Word of truth, to be like first of firstfruits of His creatures.

«18» βουληθεὶς ἀπεκύησεν ἡμᾶς λόγῳ ἀληθείας
εἰς τὸ εἶναι ἡμᾶς ἀπαρχήν τινα τῶν αὐτοῦ κτισμάτων.

18 boulētheis apekyēsen hēmas logō alētheias
Having willed it, he gave birth to us by the Word of truth
eis to einai hēmas aparchēn tina tōn autou ktismatōn.
for us to be a sort of firstfruit of His creatures

1946 3w9 0yw6 4734 w7x-6y v3v 1943x 18x 7y-60 19
350 y 3w9x

וְקַשָּׁה לְכֹעָס: יְתִיעֵל-כֵּן אֲחֵי אֲהֹבֵי יְהִי כָּל-אִישׁ מְהִיר לְשֻׁמֶּעָ קַשָּׁה לְדָבָר

19. `al-ken 'achay 'ahubay y'hi kal-'ish mahir lish'mo`a qasheh l'daber w'qasheh lik`os.

Jam1:19 Therefore, my beloved brothers,
let every man be swift to hear, slow to speak and slow to anger,

¶19 Ἰστε, ἀδελφοί μου ἀγαπητοί· ἔστω δὲ πᾶς ἄνθρωπος ταχὺς εἰς τὸ ἀκοῦσαι, βραδὺς εἰς τὸ λαλῆσαι, βραδὺς εἰς ὄργήν.

19 Iste, adelphoi mou agapētoi;

Know this, my beloved brothers;

estō de pas anthrōpos tachys eis to akousai, bradys eis to lalēsai, bradys eis orgēn;
now let be every man quick to hear, slow to speak, slow to anger;

፡ସ୍ଵର୍ଗକୁ ପାଇଲାମି ହୋଇ ଏହା ଯେତେ ଯେତେ 20

כ כי-כעַם אָדָם לֹא יִפְעַל צְדָקָת אֱלֹהִים:

20. ki-ka`as 'adam lo' yiph`al tsid'qath 'Elohim.

Jam1:20 for the anger of man does not achieve the righteousness of Elohim.

〈20〉 ὁργὴ γὰρ ἀνδρὸς δικαιοσύνην θεοῦ οὐκ ἐργάζεται.

20 ὅργη γὰρ ἀνδρὸς δικαιοσύνην θεοῦ οὐκ ἔργαζεται.

For the anger of man the righteousness of Elohim does not achieve.

כְאֶלְכָן חַסִירׁוּ מַעֲלִיכֶם כָּל-טֻפּוֹף וַתְרַבּוּת רַצָח וַקְבָּלוּ בְעַנְרוֹה
אֲתָד-הַכְּבָר הַפְטוּעַ בְּכֶם אֲשֶׁר יָכַל לְהֹשִׁיעַ אֲתָד-נְפָשָׁתֵיכֶם:

**21. laken hasiru me`aleykem kal-tinuph w'thar'buth ra`ah w'qab'lu ba`anawah
‘eth-hadabar hanatu`a bakem ‘asher yakol l'hoshi`a ‘eth-naph'shotheykem.**

Jam1:21 Therefore, putting away all filthiness and overflowing of wickedness from you, in humility receive the Word implanted in you, which is able to save your souls.

«21» διὸ ἀποθέμενοι πᾶσαν ρυπαρίαν καὶ περισσείαν κακίας ἐν πραῦτηπι,
δέξασθε τὸν ἔμφυτον λόγον τὸν δυνάμενον σῶσαι τὰς ψυχὰς ὑμῶν.

21 dio apothemenoi pasan hryparian kai perisseian kakias
Therefore having put away all filthiness and what remains of wickedness,
en prautēti, dexasthe ton emphyton logon ton dynamenon sōsai tas psychas hymōn.
in meekness receive the implanted Word being able to save your souls.

፡ “ywজ্য-খ খুয়াখ দেশ প্রতিষ্ঠান করে প্রতিষ্ঠান করে প্রতিষ্ঠান করে

כב ויהי עשי הכהן ולא שמעיו בלבד לרבות את נפשיכם:

22. wi'h'yu' osey hadabar w'lō' shom'ayu bil'bad I'ramoth 'eth-naph'sh'kem.

Jam1:22 But be doers of the Word, and not hearers only, deceiving your souls.

<22> Γίνεσθε δὲ ποιηταὶ λόγου καὶ μὴ μόνον ἀκροαταὶ παραλογιζόμενοι ἑαυτούς.

22 *Ginesthe de poiētai logou kai mē monon akroatai paralogizomenoi heautous.*

Now be doers of the Word and not only hearers deceiving yourselves.

19Δ3-X4 Owy3 wYx3 rY23
34949 9X493 94X-X4 8Y94 wYx3 93wO 644X9

כג כי האיש השם אתה הכהן

רְאֵין עַשְׂהוּ כַּמָּה לְאִישׁ מִבְּרִיט אֶת-תְּאֵר הַיּוֹתֹ בְּמִרְאָה:

23. ki ha'ish hashome`a 'eth-hadabar

w'eyn `osehu domeh l'ish mabit 'eth-to'ar hawayatho b'mar'ah.

Jam1:23 For if anyone is a hearer of the Word

and **not** a doer, he **is like** a man who **looks at his natural face** in a mirror,

〈23〉 ὅτι εἴ τις ἀκροατὴς λόγου ἐστὶν καὶ οὐ ποιητής,

οὗτος ἔσικεν ἀνδρὶ κατανοοῦντι τὸ πρόσωπον τῆς γενέσεως αὐτοῦ ἐν ἐσόπτρῳ.

23 hoti ei tis akroatēs logou estin kai ou poiētēs,

Because if anyone a hearer of the Word is and not a doer,

houtos eoiken andri katanoounti to prosōpon tēs geneseōs autou en esoptrō;

this one is like a man observing face his natural in a mirror;

:אָזְנָבָע אַלְמָרָאָה וַיֵּלֶךְ לֹא וּבִרְגָּע שְׁכָח מַה-תְּאָרוֹ: 24

כִּי בְּרִית אֱלֹהִים וַיֵּלֶךְ לֹא וּבִרְגָּע שְׁכָח מַה-תְּאָרוֹ:

24. ki hibit 'el-mar'ehu wayele'k lo ub'rega` shakach mah-ta'aro.

Jam1:24 for he has looked at his mirror and he went away,
and for a moment he has forgotten what is his description.

κατενόησεν γὰρ ἑαυτὸν καὶ ἀπελήλυθεν καὶ εὐθέως ἐπελάθετο ὅποῖος ἦν.

24 katenoesen gar heauton kai apelēlythen

For he observed himself and has gone away

kai eutheōs epelathetho hopoios ēn.

and immediately forgot what like he was.

:אָזְנוּבָע אַלְמָרָאָה וַיֵּלֶךְ לֹא וּבִרְגָּע שְׁכָח מַה-תְּאָרוֹ 25
בְּרִית אֱלֹהִים וַיֵּלֶךְ לֹא וּבִרְגָּע שְׁכָח מַה-תְּאָרוֹ
כִּי אָמַעֲשָׂה בְּפָעַל אֲשֶׁר אָרַגְנוּ שְׁמָע וּשְׁכָח

כִּי אָבָל הַמְשֻׁקֵּר בְּתוֹרָה הַשְׁלָמָה תֹּרְתַּת הַחֲרוּת
וּמְחַזֵּיק בָּה אֲשֶׁר אָרַגְנוּ שְׁמָע וּשְׁכָח
כִּי אָמַעֲשָׂה בְּפָעַל אֲשֶׁר אָרַגְנוּ שְׁמָע וּשְׁכָח

25. 'abal hamash'qiph baTorah hash'lema Torah hacheruth

umachaziq bah 'asher 'eynenu shome'a w'shakeach ki 'im-'oseh

b'pho`al 'ash'rey ha'ish hahu' b'ma`asehu.

Jam1:25 But one who looks into the perfect Law, the Law of liberty,
and continues in it which is not being a hearer that forgets, but a doer of the work,
blessed is this man in his doing.

δὸς δὲ παρακύψας εἰς νόμον τέλειον τὸν τῆς ἐλευθερίας καὶ παραμείνας,
οὐκ ἀκροατὴς ἐπιλησμονῆς γενόμενος ἀλλὰ ποιητὴς ἔργου,
οὗτος μακάριος ἐν τῇ ποιήσει αὐτοῦ ἔσται.

25 ho de parakuas eis nomon teleion ton tēs eleutherias

But the one having looked into the perfect Law, the one of freedom,

kai parameinas, ouk akroatēs epilēsmonēs genomenos

and having remained there, not a forgetful hearer having become

alla poiētēs ergou, houtos makarios en tē poiēsei autou estai.

but a doer of the work, this one blessed in his doing shall be.

:אָזְנוּבָע אַלְמָרָאָה וַיֵּלֶךְ לֹא וּבִרְגָּע שְׁכָח מַה-תְּאָרוֹ 26
בְּרִית אֱלֹהִים וַיֵּלֶךְ לֹא וּבִרְגָּע שְׁכָח מַה-תְּאָרוֹ
כִּי אָמַעֲשָׂה מִכְמָה יְדָמָה לְהִוָּת עֲבָד אֱלֹהִים וּאָרַגְנוּ שְׁמָם רַסְן

לֹלְשָׁנוּ כִּי אֶם־מַתְעָה הוּא אֲתָּה־לְבָבָו עַבְדָּתָו אֲקָדֵרִיךְ תְּהִיא:

26. 'ish mikem 'im-y'dameh lih'yoth `obed 'Elohim w'eynenu sam resen lil'shono
ki 'im-math' eh hu 'eth-l'babo `abodatho 'a'k-lariq tih'yeh.

Jam1:26 If anyone of you seem to be a servant of Elohim, and does not put to restrain his tongue but he deceives his own heart, but his work is worthless.

ε·26· Εἴ τις δοκεῖ θρησκὸς εἶναι μὴ χαλιναγωγῶν γλῶσσαν αὐτοῦ
ἀλλὰ ἀπατῶν καρδίαν αὐτοῦ, τούτου μάταιος ἡ θρησκεία.

26 Ei tis dokei thrēskos einai mē chalinagōgōn glōssan autou
If anyone considers himself to be religious, not bridling his tongue
alla apatōn kardian autou, toutou mataios hē thrēskeia.
but deceiving his heart, this one's worthless religion.

כָּזֶאת הִיא הַעֲבוֹדָה הַטֹּהוֹרָה וְהַבְּרָה לְפָנֵי הָאֱלֹהִים
אֲבִינוּ לְפָקֵד אֶת־הַיְתּוֹ�מִים וְהַאֲלָמָנּוֹת בְּצִרְתָּם
וְלִשְׁמֹר נֶפֶשׁ בְּגַקְיוֹן מַחְלָאת הַעוֹלָם:

27. zo'th hi' ha`abodah hat'horah w'habarrah liph'ney ha'Elohim 'Abinu
liph'qod 'eth-hay'thomim w'ha'al'manoth b'tsaratham
w'lish'mor naph'sho b'niqayon mechel'ath ha`olam.

Jam1:27 The pure and undefiled work in the sight of Elohim our Father is this:
to visit the orphans and the widows in their distress,
and to keep his soul in cleanliness of the world scum.

ε·27· θρησκεία καθαρὰ καὶ ἀμίαντος παρὰ τῷ Θεῷ καὶ πατρὶ αὕτη ἔστιν,
ἐπισκέπτεσθαι ὄφανοὺς καὶ χήρας ἐν τῇ θλίψει αὐτῶν,
ἄσπιλον ἑαυτὸν τρεῖν ἀπὸ τοῦ κόσμου.

27 thrēskeia kathara kai amiantos para tō theō kai patri hautē estin,
Religion pure and undefiled before Elohim even the Father is this:
episkeptesthai orphanous kai cheras en tē thlipsei autōn,
to visit orphans and widows in their affliction,
asipilon heauton tērein apo tou kosmou.
unspotted oneself to keep from the world.

Chapter 2

אַחֲרֵי אֶלְיָהִי מִשְׁא בְּנִים בְּאֶמְנָתְךָם
בְּיִהְוֹשָׁעַ הַמְּשִׁיחַ אֶדְנִינָה אֲדוֹן הַכְּבָדָה:

1. 'achay 'al-y'hi mas' phanim be'emunath'kem
b'Yahushuā haMashiyach 'Adoneynu 'Adon hakabod.

Jam2:1 My brothers, do not be in your faith with the burden of partiality in our Adon ὁ Χριστός the Mashiach, Adon of glory.

2:1 Ἄδελφοί μου, μὴ ἐν προσωπολημψίᾳ ἔχετε τὴν πίστιν τοῦ κυρίου ἡμῶν Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ τῆς δόξης.

1 Adelphoi mou, mē en prosōpolēmpsiai echete tēn pistin

My brothers, not with partiality have the faith

tou kyriou hēmōn Iēsou Christou tēs doxēs.

of our Master, Yahushua the Anointed One, the Master of glory.

בְּכִי אֶם־יְבוֹא אֲרִישׁ לְבֵית הַקְּנֶסֶת שְׁלָכֶם
וְטָבַעַת זָהָב עַל־יְדֵיכֶם וְחוֹא לְבִישׁ לְבָשָׂר מְכֻלָּל
וְבָא שְׁמַח גַּם־אֲרִישׁ עָנֵי בְּבָגְדִים צוֹאִים:

2. ki 'im-yabo' 'ish l'beyth hak'neseth shelakem w'tab'oth zahab `al-yadayu
w'hu' labush l'bushey mik'lol uba' shamah gam-'ish `ani bib'gadim tso'im.

Jam2:2 For if a man comes into the house of synagogue that is to yours and a gold ring by his hands and he wears a splendid clothing, and there also comes in a poor man in shabby clothing,

2. ἐὰν γὰρ εἰσέλθῃ εἰς συναγωγὴν ὑμῶν ἀνὴρ χρυσοδακτύλιος

ἐν ἐσθῆτι λαμπρᾷ, εἰσέλθῃ δὲ καὶ πτωχὸς ἐν ρύπαρᾳ ἐσθῆτι,

2 ean gar eiselthē eis synagogēn hymōn anēr chrysodaktylios

For if there enters into your synagogue a man with gold rings on his fingers en esthēti lamprā, eiselthē de kai ptōchos en hryparā esthēti,
in splendid clothing, and there enters also a poor man in shabby clothing,

גַּפְנִיתָם אֶל־הַלְּבֹושׁ לְבָשָׂר מְכֻלָּל וְאָמְرָתָם לוּ שְׁבַּלְקָה חַפֶּה
בְּכֻבּוֹד וְלָעֵני תְּאִמְרוּ עַמְּדָשָׁם אוּ שְׁבַּפָּה מִתְחַת לְבָדָם רְגָלִי:

3. uph'nithem 'el-halabush l'bushey mik'lol wa'amar'tem lo sheb-l'ak henah b'kabod
w'le`ani tho'm'ru `amat-sham 'o sheb-poh mitachath lahadom rag'lay.

Jam2:3 and you pay attention to him who wear the splendid clothing, and you say to him, You sit here in a good place, and you say to the poor man, You stand over there, or sit here under my footstool,

3. ἐπιβλέψητε δὲ ἐπὶ τὸν φοροῦντα τὴν ἐσθῆτα τὴν λαμπρὰν καὶ εἴπητε, Σὺ κάθου ὥδε καλῶς, καὶ τῷ πτωχῷ εἴπητε, Σὺ στῆθι ἐκεῖ ἢ κάθου ὑπὸ τὸ ὑποπόδιόν μου,

3 epiblepsēte de epi ton phorounta tēn esthēta tēn lampran kai eipēte,

and you look on the one wearing the clothing splendid and say,

Sy kathou hōde kalōs, kai tō ptōchō eipēte,

You sit here well-situated, and to the poor man you say,
 Sy stēhi ekei ē kathou hypo to hypopodion mou,
 you stand there or sit under my footstool,

: אַתָּה עֹשֶׂה כְּלֵב לִבְכֶם וְהַנֶּכֶם שְׁפָטִים בְּעַלְיִ מְחַשְּׁבוֹת רְעֻות:

ד הַלֹּא לְבָנְךָמְ וְהַנֶּכֶם שְׁפָטִים בְּעַלְיִ מְחַשְּׁבוֹת רְעֻות:
 4. halo' leb waleb lakem w'hin'kem shoph'tim ba`aley machashaboth ra`oth.

Jam2:4 Are you the heartless and the heart in yourselves,
 and become judges with evil thoughts?

<4> οὐ διεκρίθητε ἐν ἑαυτοῖς καὶ ἐγένεσθε κριταὶ διαλογισμῶν πουηρῶν;

4 ou diekrithete en heautois

Did you not make distinctions among yourselves

kai egenesthe kritai dialogismōn ponērōn?

and became judges of evil thoughts?

: אַתָּה עֹשֶׂה כְּלֵב לִבְכֶם וְהַנֶּכֶם שְׁפָטִים בְּעַלְיִ מְחַשְּׁבוֹת רְעֻות
 אַתָּה עֹשֶׂה כְּלֵב לִבְכֶם וְהַנֶּכֶם שְׁפָטִים בְּעַלְיִ מְחַשְּׁבוֹת רְעֻות
 אַתָּה עֹשֶׂה כְּלֵב לִבְכֶם וְהַנֶּכֶם שְׁפָטִים בְּעַלְיִ מְחַשְּׁבוֹת רְעֻות

ה שְׁמַעְ אָחִי אֲהֻבֵּי הַלֹּא בְּצִנְיִ הַעֲזָלָם הַזֶּה
 בָּחרְ הָאֱלֹהִים לְהִיוֹת עֲשִׂירִים בְּאִמּוֹנָה
 רַיְשֵׁי הַמְּלָכּוֹת אֲשֶׁר הַבְּטִיחָה לְאַחֲבָיו:

5. shim`u 'achay 'ahubay halo' ba`aney ha`olam hazeh bachar ha`Elohim lih'yoth
 `ashirim ba'emunah w'yor'shey hamal'kuth 'asher hib'tiach l'ohabayu.

Jam2:5 Listen, my beloved brothers: did not Elohim choose the poor of this world
 to be rich in faith and heirs of the kingdom which He promised to those who love Him?

<5> Ἀκούσατε, ἀδελφοί μου ἀγαπητοί·

οὐχ ὁ θεὸς ἔξελέξατο τοὺς πτωχοὺς τῷ κόσμῳ πλουσίους ἐν πίστει
 καὶ κληρονόμους τῆς βασιλείας ἣς ἐπηγγείλατο τοῖς ἀγαπώσιν αὐτόν;

5 Akousate, adelphoi mou agapētoi;

Listen, my beloved brothers;

ouch ho theos exelexato tous ptōchous tō kosmō plousious en pistei

did not Elohim choose the poor ones of the world to be rich in faith

kai klēronomous tēs basileias hēs epēggeilato tois agapōsin auton?

and heirs of the kingdom which He promised ot the ones loving Him?

: אַתָּה עֹשֶׂה כְּלֵב לִבְכֶם וְהַנֶּכֶם שְׁפָטִים בְּעַלְיִ מְחַשְּׁבוֹת רְעֻות
 אַתָּה עֹשֶׂה כְּלֵב לִבְכֶם וְהַנֶּכֶם שְׁפָטִים בְּעַלְיִ מְחַשְּׁבוֹת רְעֻות

וְאַתָּה כְּלַמְדָם אַתְּ-הַעֲנִי הַלֹּא הַעֲשִׂירִים הֵם הַעֲשָׂקִים אַתָּה
 וְהֵם הַסְּחָבִים אַתָּה בְּפִרְדֵּן:

6. w'attem hik'lam'tem 'eth-he`ani halo' ha`ashirim hem ha`osh'qim 'eth'kem
 w'hem hasochabim 'eth'kem 'el-batey din.

Jam2:6 But you have dishonored the poor man.

Do not the rich, they, oppress you and they drag you before the judgment court?

<6> ὑμεῖς δὲ ἡτιμάσατε τὸν πτωχόν.

οὐχ οἱ πλούσιοι καταδυναστεύουσιν ὑμῶν καὶ αὐτοὶ ἔλκουσιν ὑμᾶς εἰς κριτήρια;

6 hymeis de ētimasate ton ptōchon.

But you dishonored the poor man.

ouch hei plousioi katadynasteuousin hymōn kai autoi helkousin hymas eis kritēria?

Do not the rich ones oppress you and they drag you into lawcourts?

בְּלֹא הַם חֲמִגְדָּפִים אֶת־הָשֵׁם הַטּוֹב הַקָּרָא עַל־יכֶּם:

7. **halo' hem ham'gad'phim** 'eth-hasheM hatob haniq'ra' `aleykem.

Jam2:7 Do they not blaspheme the good name having been called upon you?

<7> οὐκ αὐτοὶ βλασφημοῦσιν τὸ καλὸν ὄνομα τὸ ἐπικληθὲν ἐφ' ὑμᾶς;

7 ouk autoi blasphemousin to kalon onoma to epiklēthen eph' hymas?

Do not they blaspheme the good name having been named upon you?

חַן בְּעַשׂותְכֶם אֶת־הַמְצֻוָּה הַמְלָכָת עַל־כָּלּוֹן כַּפֵּי הַקְּטוּב
וְאַהֲבָת לְרַעַךְ קְמוֹךְ תִּרְתְּבוּ לְעַשׂות:

8. **hen ba`asoth'kem** 'eth-hamits'wah hamoleketh `al-kulan k'phi hakathub
w'ahab'at l're`aak kamoak teytibu la`asoth.

Jam2:8 If you truly accomplish the royal commandment on all of them
according to the Scripture, You shall love your neighbor as yourself, you do well.

<8> εἰ μέντοι νόμον τελεῖτε βασιλικὸν κατὰ τὴν γραφήν,
Ἀγαπήσεις τὸν πλησίον σου ὡς σεαυτόν, καλῶς ποιεῖτε.

8 ei mentoi nomon teleite basilikon kata tēn graphēn,

If indeed Law you perform the royal according to the Scripture,
Agapēseis ton plēsion sou hōs seauton, kalōs poieite;
you shall love your neighbor as yourself, you do well;

טָאָולָם אֶם־הַשְׁׁאוֹל בְּנִים חֲטָאִים אֶפְרַיִם
וְהַתּוֹרָה תָּכִיחַכְּם כְּעַבְרִים עַל־יכֶּה:

9. **'ulam 'im-tis'u phanim chata'im** 'attem w'haTorah thokichakem k' ob'rim `aleyah.

Jam2:9 But if you show partiality, you commit sin
and are convicted by the Law as transgressors upon it.

<9> εἰ δὲ προσωπολημπτεῖτε, ἀμαρτίαν ἐργάζεσθε ἐλεγχόμενοι

ὑπὸ τοῦ νόμου ὡς παραβάται.

9 ei de prosōpolēmpteite hamartian ergazesthe elegchomenoi
but if you show partiality you commit sin, being exposed
hypo tou nomou hōs parabatai.
by the Law as transgressors.

וְאֶת־כָּל־הַתּוֹרָה
שְׁנִים וְעַד־עֲשֵׂה כָּל־¹⁰
שְׁנִים וְעַד־עֲשֵׂה כָּל־¹⁰

רַכְשֶׁל בְּאַחֲת מִמְצֻוֹתֶיהָ נִדּוֹן עַל־כָּל־
רַכְשֶׁל בְּאַחֲת מִמְצֻוֹתֶיהָ נִדּוֹן עַל־כָּל־¹⁰

10. ki 'ish 'asher y'qayem 'eth-kal-haTorah
w'nik'shal b'achath mimits'otheyah nidon `al-kulan.

Jam2:10 For the one, who establishes the whole Law and yet stumbles in one of commandments, is to be guilty of all of them.

<10> ὅστις γὰρ ὅλον τὸν νόμον τηρήσῃ πταίσῃ δὲ ἐν ἑνὶ, γέγονεν πάντων ἔνοχος.

10 hostis gar holon ton nomon tērēsē ptaisē de en heni,
For whoever all the Law keeps but stumbles in one point,
gegonen pantōn enochos.
he has become guilty of all.

וְאֶת־עֲשֵׂה כָּל־¹¹
שְׁנִים וְעַד־עֲשֵׂה כָּל־¹¹

רַא כִּי חָמֵר לֹא תַּנְאָף הוּא חָמֵר לֹא תַּرְצַח
וְאַם־אִינָּךְ נִיאָף וְאַתָּה רֹצֶחֶת הַפְּקַד עַל־הַתּוֹרָה:

11. ki ha'omer lo' thin'aph hu' ha'omer lo' thir'tsach
w'im-'eyn'ak no'eph w'attah rotseach hinn'ak `ober `al-haTorah.

Jam2:11 For He who said, Do not commit adultery, also said, Do not commit murder.
Now if you do not commit adultery, but you do commit murder,
behold, you are a transgressor of the Law.

<11> ὁ γὰρ εἰπὼν, Μὴ μοιχεύσῃς, εἶπεν καὶ, Μὴ φονεύσῃς·
εἰ δὲ οὐ μοιχεύεις φονεύεις δέ, γέγονας παραβάτης νόμου.

11 ho gar eipōn, Mē moicheusēs, eipen kai, Mē phoneusēs;
For the one having said, Do not commit adultery, said also, Do not murder;
ei de ou moicheueis phoneueis de,
Now if you do not commit adultery but you murder,
gegonas parabatēs nomou.
you have become a transgressor of the Law.

וְאֶת־עֲשֵׂה כָּל־¹²
שְׁנִים וְעַד־עֲשֵׂה כָּל־¹²

רַבְנָה וְכֵן צְשֵׁרָה כְּמֵי שְׁעִתִּידִים

לְהַשְׁפֵּט עַל־כִּי תֹרֶת הַחֲרוּת:

12. ken dab'ru w'ken `aso k'mi she`athidim l'hishaphet `al-pi Torah hacheruth.

Jam2:12 So speak and so act as those who are to be judged through the Law of liberty.

<12> οὕτως λαλεῖτε καὶ οὕτως ποιεῖτε ὡς διὰ νόμου ἐλευθερίας μέλλοντες κρίνεσθαι.

12 houtōs ileite kai houtōs poieite hōs dia nomou eleutherias mellontes krinesthai.

So speak and so do as through the Law of freedom being about to be judged.

מְלָא קְבוּדְךָ אֱלֹהִים וְעַמְּךָ יִתְהַנֵּן
מְלָא קְדוּשָׁךָ וְעַמְּךָ יִתְהַנֵּן 13
מְלָא קְדוּשָׁךָ וְעַמְּךָ יִתְהַנֵּן
מְלָא קְדוּשָׁךָ וְעַמְּךָ יִתְהַנֵּן

תְּגִבֵּר אֵין חֶסֶד בְּמַשְׁפֵּט לֹא־צְשָׁה חֶסֶד
וְחֶסֶד יְתַגֵּא חֶלְלָה מַשְׁפֵּט:

13. ki 'eyn chesed bamish'pat la'asher lo'-`asah chased

w'hachedes yith'ga'eh `al-hamish'pat.

Jam2:13 For judgment is without mercy to him who have shown no mercy.

And mercy boasts over judgment.

<13> οὐ γάρ κρίσις ἀνέλεος τῷ μὴ ποιήσαντι ἔλεος· κατακαυχᾶται ἔλεος κρίσεως.

13 hē gar krasis aneleos tō mē poiēsanti eleos;

**For the judgment shall be merciless to the one not having shown mercy;
katakauchatai eleos kriseōs.**

mercy triumphs over judgment.

אָמֵן כִּי־יְהוָה אֱלֹהִים וְעַמְּךָ בְּרָא
אָמֵן כִּי־יְהוָה אֱלֹהִים וְעַמְּךָ בְּרָא 14
אָמֵן כִּי־יְהוָה אֱלֹהִים וְעַמְּךָ בְּרָא
אָמֵן כִּי־יְהוָה אֱלֹהִים וְעַמְּךָ בְּרָא

יְד אַחֲרֵי מִתְּיוּצֵל לְאַרְשֵׁנִי אָמֵן כִּי אָמֵנה בָּזֶה
יְמֻשְׁרִים אֵין בָּזֶה תְּטוּכֵל הָאָמֵנה לְהַשְׁרֵעוֹ:

14. 'achay mah-yo`il l'ish sheyo'mar ki 'emunah bo

uma`asim 'eyn bo hathukal ha'emunah l'hoshi`o.

**Jam2:14 What does it profit, my brothers, if a man who says that he has faith
but he has no works? Is this faith able to save him?**

<14> Τί τὸ ὄφελος, ἀδελφοί μου, ἐὰν πίστιν λέγῃ τις ἔχειν
ἔργα δὲ μὴ ᔁχῇ; μὴ δύναται ἡ πίστις σῶσαι αὐτόν;

14 Ti to ophelos, adelphoi mou, ean pistin legē tis echein

**What is the profit, my brothers, if faith says anyone to have
erga de mē echē? mē dynatai hē pistis sōsai auton?**

but works does not have? Surely not is able the faith to save him?

אָמֵן כִּי־יְהוָה אֱלֹהִים וְעַמְּךָ בְּרָא
אָמֵן כִּי־יְהוָה אֱלֹהִים וְעַמְּךָ בְּרָא 15

טו אָח אָחֹות כִּי־יְהוָה בָּעִירִים וְאֵין לָהֶם לְחֵם חַקְמָה:

15. 'ach 'o 'achoth ki-yih'yu b'eyrom w'eyn lahem lechem chuqam.

Jam2:15 If a brother or sister be naked and there is no daily food for them,

<15> ἐὰν ἀδελφὸς ἢ ἀδελφὴ γυμνοὶ ὑπάρχωσιν καὶ λειπόμενοι τῆς ἐφημέρου τροφῆς

15 ean adelphos ē adelphē gymnoi hyparchōsin kai leipomenoi tēs ephēmerou tropheis

If a brother or sister is living unclothed and lacking daily food,

טוֹרָאֵישׁ מִכֶּם יֹאמֶר אֲלֵיכֶם לְכֶם לְשָׁלוֹם וְהַתִּחְמֹמוּ
וְשָׁבְנָא וְלֹא־תִּתְּנַכְּלָה לְהֶם צְرָכְךָ גּוֹפֶם מִה־תֹּועֵל זוֹאת:

16. w'ish mikem yo'mar 'aleym hem l'ku l'shalom w'hith'chamamu us'ba'u

w'lo'-thit'nu lahem tsar'key gupham mah-to'il zo'th.

Jam2:16 and one of you says to them, Go in peace, be warmed and be filled,
and yet you do not give them what is needed for their body, what does this profit?

<16> εἰπή δέ τις αὐτοῖς ἔξ οὐκόν, Τύπαγετε ἐν εἰρήνῃ, Θερμαίνεσθε καὶ χορτάζεσθε,
μὴ δῶτε δὲ αὐτοῖς τὰ ἐπιτήδεια τοῦ σώματος, τί τὸ ὄφελος;

16 eipē de tis autois ex hymōn, Hypagete en eirēnē, thermainesthe kai chortazesthe,

and says anyone to them of you, go in peace, be warmed and fed,

mē dōte de autois ta epitēdeia tou sōmatos, ti to ophelos?

you do not give but to them the needful things for the body, what is the profit?

זֶקְכָּה גָּמַדְתָּאֵמָנָה אִם־אֵין בָּהּ מְעֻשִׁים מִתְהָדָה הַרְאָה בְּעַצְמָה:

17. kakah gam-ha'emunah 'im-'eyn bah ma`asim methah hi' b`ats'mah.

Jam2:17 So also faith, if it has no works, is dead, being by itself.

<17> οὕτως καὶ ἡ πίστις, ἐὰν μὴ ἔχῃ ἔργα, νεκρά ἔστιν καθ' ἑαυτήν.

17 houtōs kai hē pistis, ean mē echē erga, nekra estin kath' heautēn.

So also faith, if it does not have works, is dead by itself.

עֲדָמִים־יֹאמֶר אִישׁ אֶתְתָּאֵמָנָה בְּךָ
וְלֹא מְעֻשִׁים הַרְאָנִי נָא אֶת־אֵמָנוֹתֶךָ בְּבָלִי מְעֻשִׁים
וְאֶת־אָקְעָנִי מִתּוֹךְ מְעֻשֵּׂר אֶת־אֵמָנוֹתֶיךָ:

18. w'im-yo'mar 'ish 'attah 'emunah b'ak w'li ma`asim har'eni na'

'eth-'emunath'ak bib'li ma`asim w'ar'aak 'ani mito'k ma`asay 'eth-'emunathi.

Jam2:18 But a man may say, You have faith in me and I have works; please show me
your faith without the works, and I shall show you my faith from my works.

<18> Άλλ' ἐρεῖ τις, Σὺ πίστιν ἔχεις, κἀγὼ ἔργα ἔχω· δεῖξόν μοι τὴν πίστιν σου
χωρὶς τῶν ἔργων, κἀγώ σου δείξω ἐκ τῶν ἔργων μου τὴν πίστιν.

18 All' erei tis, Sy pistin echeis, kagō erga echō; deixon moi tēn pistin sou
But someone shall say, you have faith, and I have works; show me your faith
chōris tōn ergōn, kagō soi deixō ek tōn ergōn mou tēn pistin.
without the works, and I shall show you from my works the faith.

בְּלֹא כָּלֵבֶת אֲמִןָה וְלֹא כָּלֵבֶת אַמִּיןָה 19
בְּלֹא כָּלֵבֶת אֲמִןָה וְלֹא כָּלֵבֶת אַמִּיןָה

יט אָתָּה מַאֲמִין שְׁהָאֱלֹהִים אֶחָד הוּא הַטִּבּוֹת לְהַאֲמִין
גַם חִשְׁדִים מַאֲמִינִים בָּו וּרְעָדִים:

19. 'attah ma'amin sheha'Elohim 'echad hu' hetibotah l'ha'amin
gam hashedim ma'aminim bo w'ro`adim.

Jam2:19 You believe that Elohim is one reason to believe.
The demons also believe in Him, and tremble.

<19> σὺ πιστεύεις ὅτι εἰς ἐστιν ὁ Θεός, καλῶς ποιεῖς.
καὶ τὰ δαιμόνια πιστεύουσιν καὶ φρίσσουσιν.

19 sy pisteueis hoti heis estin ho theos, kalos poieis;
You believe that one is Elohim, you do well.
kai ta daimonia pisteuousin kai phrissousin.
Even the demons believe and shudder.

חִשְׁדָּךְ מְלָאכָה 909-וְלֹא כָּלֵבֶת אַמִּיןָה 20
בְּלֹא כָּלֵבֶת אַמִּיןָה

כְּנֹאָתָּה אִישׁ-בָּעֵר הַתְּחִפּוּן לְדַעַת
כִּי חָאָמָונָה בְּאַרְן מִצְשָׁרִים מִתְהַהַה הַיָּאָה

20. w'attah 'ish-ba`ar hathach'pots lada`ath ki ha'emunah b'eyn ma`asim methah hi'.

Jam2:20 But do you want to know, O vain man, that faith without works is dead?

<20> θέλεις δὲ γνῶναι, ὃ ἀνθρωπε κενέ, ὅτι ἡ πίστις χωρὶς τῶν ἔργων ἀργή ἐστιν;
20 theleis de gnōnai, o anthrōpe kene,

But are you willing to know, O hollow man,
hoti he pistis chōris tōn ergōn argē estin?
that faith without works is unproductive?

תְּמִימָן-אַתָּה כָּלֵבֶת אַמִּיןָה כָּלֵבֶת אַמִּיןָה 21
בְּלֹא כָּלֵבֶת אַמִּיןָה

כְּאֶבְרָהָם אֶבְרָהָם הַלָּא בְּמִצְשָׁרִים נִצְחָק בְּהַעַלְתּוֹ אֶת-יִצְחָק
בְּנוֹ עַל-הַמִּזְבֵּחַ:

21. 'Ab'raham 'abinu halo' b'ma`asayu nits'daq
b'ha`alotho 'eth-Yits'chaq b'no `al-hamiz'beach.

Jam2:21 Was not Abraham our father justified by works
when he offered up Yitschaq (Isaac) his son on the altar?

21 Ἄβραὰμ ὁ πατὴρ ἡμῶν οὐκ ἐξ ἔργων ἐδικαιώθη
ἀνενέγκας Ἰσαὰκ τὸν υἱὸν αὐτοῦ ἐπὶ τὸ θυσιαστήριον;

21 Abraam ho patēr hēmōn ouk ex ergōn edikaiōthē
Abraham, our father, not from works was he justified,
anenekas Isaak ton huion autou epi to thysiastērion?
having offered up Isaac his son upon the altar?

אַתָּה וְעַל־צְדָקָה תִּמְשַׁחֵנִי כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ
בְּכֶן־כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ

כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ
וּמְתֻמָּךְ הַמְּעָשִׂים הַשְׁלָמָה הַמְּוֹנָה:

22. *hinn'ak ro'eh ki-ha'emunah 'ozereth l'ma`asayu
umito'k hama`asim hash'l'mah ha'emunah.*

Jam2:22 Behold, do you see that faith was aided with his works,
and from the works, faith was complete?

22 *βλέπεις ὅτι ἡ πίστις συνήργει τοῖς ἔργοις αὐτοῦ
καὶ ἐκ τῶν ἔργων ἡ πίστις ἐτελειώθη,*

22 *blepeis hoti hē pistis synērgei tois ergois autou
You see that faith was working his works*

kai ek tōn ergōn hē pistis eteleiōthē,
and from the works faith was made complete,

וְאַתָּה־כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ
וְאַתָּה־כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ

כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ
וְאַתָּה־כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ

23. *wayimale' haKathub ha'omer w'he'emin 'Ab'rahām baYahūwah
watechashab-lo lits'daqah wayiqare' 'oheb Yahūwah.*

Jam2:23 and the Scripture was fulfilled which says, And Abraham believed in יְהָוָה,
and it was reckoned to him as righteousness, and he was called the friend of יְהָוָה.

23 *καὶ ἐπληρώθη ἡ γραφὴ ἡ λέγουσα, Ἐπίστευσεν δὲ Ἀβραὰμ τῷ Θεῷ,
καὶ ἐλογίσθη αὐτῷ εἰς δικαιοσύνην καὶ φίλος Θεοῦ ἐκλήθη.*

23 kai eplērōthē hē graphē hē legousa, Episteusen de Abraam tō theō,
and was fulfilled the Scripture saying, Believed and Abraham Elohim,
kai elogisthē autō eis dikaiosynēn
and it was accounted to him for righteousness,
kai philos theou eklēthē.
and a friend of Elohim he was called.

וְאַתָּה־כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ
וְאַתָּה־כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ

כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ
וְאַתָּה־כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ כִּי־עֲשָׂתָה לְמַעַשְ׊ךָ

24. hinn'kem ro'im ki b'ma`asim yits'daq ha'ish w'lo' be'emunah l'badah.

Jam2:24 Behold, you see that a man is justified by works and not by faith alone.

<24> ὁρᾶτε ὅτι ἐξ ἔργων δικαιοῦται ἀνθρώπος καὶ οὐκ ἐκ πίστεως μόνον.

24 horate hoti ex ergōn dikaioutai anthrōpos kai ouk ek pisteōs monon.

You see that from works a man is justified and not from faith alone.

וְלֹא כִּי בַּמְּרָחֵב הַזּוֹנָה כֵּלֶא נִצְדָּקָה בְּמַעֲשִׂים בְּאָסְפָה
אַתְּ הַמְּלָאכִים אֶל־בֵּיתָה וְתַשְׁלַחַם בְּדָרְךָ אֶחָר :

כה וְקַן גַּם־רָחָב הַזּוֹנָה כֵּלֶא נִצְדָּקָה בְּמַעֲשִׂים בְּאָסְפָה
אַתְּ הַמְּלָאכִים אֶל־בֵּיתָה וְתַשְׁלַחַם בְּדָרְךָ אֶחָר :

25. w'ken gam-Rachab hazonah halo' nits'd'qah b'ma`asim b'as'phah
'eth-hamal'akim 'el-beythah wat'shal'chem b'dere'k 'acher.

Jam2:25 So was not Rachab the harlot also justified by works
when she received the messengers to her house and sent them out by another way?

<25> ὁμοίως δὲ καὶ Ἡράβ ἡ πόρνη οὐκ ἐξ ἔργων ἐδικαιώθη
ὑπὸ δεξαμένη τοὺς ἀγγέλους καὶ ἐτέρᾳ δόδῳ ἐκβαλούσσα;

25 homoiōs de kai Hraab hē pornē ouk ex ergōn edikaiōtē
And likewise also Rahab the prostitute not from works was justified,
hypodexamenē tous aggelous kai hetera hodō ekbalousa?
having received the messengers and by a different way having sent them out?

אַתְּ הַמְּלָאכִים מִבְּלִי נִשְׁמָה מֵת הוּא
כֵּן גַּם־הַזּוֹנָה מִבְּלִי מַעֲשִׂים מֵתָה :

26. ki ka'asher haguph mib'li n'shamah meth hu'
ken gam-ha'emunah mib'li-ma`asim methah.

Jam2:26 For just as the body without the spirit is dead, so also faith without works is dead.

<26> ὥσπερ γὰρ τὸ σῶμα χωρὶς πνεύματος νεκρόν ἐστιν,
οὕτως καὶ ἡ πίστις χωρὶς ἔργων νεκρά ἐστιν.

26 hōsper gar to sōma chōris pneumatos nekron estin,
For just as the body without spirit is dead,
houtōs kai hē pistis chōris ergōn nekra estin.
so also faith without works is dead.

Chapter 3

וְלֹא כִּי בְּבִים מִכֶּם לְמֹרְרִים בְּאָשָׁר יַדְעָתֶם
כֵּי בָזָאת נְחַמֵּר עַלְיָנוּ אַתְּ הַדִּין :

אָחִי אֶל־יְהוָה רַبְּיכֶם מִכֶּם לְמֹרְרִים בְּאָשָׁר יַדְעָתֶם
כֵּי בָזָאת נְחַמֵּר עַלְיָנוּ אַתְּ הַדִּין :

1. 'achay 'al-yih'yu rabbim mikem l'morim ba'asher y'da`tem
ki bazo'th nach'mir `aleynu 'eth-hadin.

Jam3:1 Not many of you become teachers, my brothers,
for knowing that in this we shall receive more severe judgment.

3:1> Μὴ πολλοὶ διδάσκαλοι γίνεσθε, ἀδελφοί μου,
εἰδότες ὅτι μεῖζον κρίμα λημφόμεθα.

1 Mē polloi didaskaloi ginesthe, adelphoi mou,
Not many teachers be, my brothers,
eidotes hoti meizon krima lēpsometha.
knowing that greater judgment we shall receive.

גַּם כִּי כָלֵנוּ נִכְשָׁלִים חֲרֵבָה וְאַשְׁר לֹא-יִכְשָׁל
בְּדָבָר הַזֶּה אֲרִישׁ תְּמִימָה וַיַּכְלֵל לְשׁוֹם רַסְןָ לְכָל-גּוֹפָן
וַיָּקֹול לָסָם רְסֵן לְכָל-gupho.

2. ki kulanu nik'shalim har'beh wa'asher lo'-yikashel b'dibur hu' ish tamim

בְּכִי כָלֵנוּ נִכְשָׁלִים חֲרֵבָה וְאַשְׁר לֹא-יִכְשָׁל
בְּדָבָר הַזֶּה אֲרִישׁ תְּמִימָה וַיַּכְלֵל לְשׁוֹם רַסְןָ לְכָל-גּוֹפָן
וַיָּקֹול לָסָם רְסֵן לְכָל-gupho.

Jam3:2 For we all stumble in many things. If anyone does not stumble in speech,
he is a perfect man, able to put the bridle the whole body.

2> πολλὰ γὰρ πταίομεν ἄπαντες. εἴ τις ἐν λόγῳ οὐ πταίει,
οὗτος τέλειος ἀνὴρ δυνατὸς χαλιναγωγῆσαι καὶ ὅλον τὸ σῶμα.

2 polla gar ptaionen hapantes. ei tis en logō ou ptaiei,
For in many ways we stumble all. If anyone in speech does not stumble,
houtos teleios anēr dynatos chalinagōgēsai kai holon to sōma.
this one is a perfect man able to bridle also the whole body.

וְהַנֵּה בְּפִי הַסּוֹרִים נְשִׁים אֶת-חֲרַפְתָּן
לְמַעַן אַשְׁר יִשְׂמַע לְנָגָן וּבְהַגְּנוּ בָּזֶה אֶת כָּל-גּוֹיִתָּם:

3. hinneh b'phi hasusim nasim 'eth-haresen
l'ma'an 'asher yisham' u lanu w'nihag'nu bo 'eth kal-g'wiatham.

Jam3:3 Behold, if we put the bridles into the mouths of the horses,
so that they shall obey us, we turn about it their entire body.

3> εἰ δὲ τῶν ἵππων τοὺς χαλινοὺς εἰς τὰ στόματα βάλλομεν
εἰς τὸ πείθεσθαι αὐτοὺς τῷ μὲν, καὶ ὅλον τὸ σῶμα αὐτῶν μετάγομεν.

3 ei de tōn hippōn tous chalinous eis ta stomata ballomen eis to peithesthai autous hēmin,
And if horses bits into their mouths we put so as to make obey them us,
kai holon to sōma autōn metagomen.
and the whole body of them we direct.

6931 የጊዜ-9ዥ 6ይ-6ፌ ስዥ ገንዘብ ንዑስ ተናወሩ ቅዱስ የጊዜ የጊዜ
፡99ፌ ፊርማ ተከተል ተከተል ንዑስ የጊዜ የጊዜ ተናወሩ-የጊዜ ቅዱስ

**ד ויהנה הָאֲגִינּוֹת אַפְ-כֵי גָּדוֹלֹות הַנָּהָר וְגַהְקָפּוֹת בְּרוּחַ
עַזָּה מְשׁוֹט קֶטֶן יַגְהֵג אַתָּן אַל-בָּל אַשְׁר-יְחִיפָּצַץ הַחֲבֵל
כֵּן גַּם-הַלְשׁוֹן אַבָּר קֶטֶן דִּירָא וְגָדוֹלֹות פְּדָבֶר:**

**4. w'hinneh ha'anioth 'aph-ki g'doloth henah w'neh'daphoth
b'ruch `azah mashot qaton yin'hag 'othan 'el-kol 'asher-yach'pots hachobel
ken gam-halashon 'ebar qaton hi' ug'doloth t'daber.**

Jam3:4 Behold the ships too, although they are so great and are driven by strong winds, yet it turned you by a very small rudder to whatever the rope of the pilot desires.

So too the tongue is a small organ, and yet it speaks of great things.

<4> ἵδού καὶ τὰ πλοῖα τηλικαῦτα ὅντα καὶ ὑπὸ ἀνέμων σκληρῶν ἐλαυνόμενα,
μετάγεται ὑπὸ ἐλαχίστου πηδαλίου ὅπου ἡ ὄρμὴ τοῦ εὐθύνοντος βούλεται,
4 idou kai ta ploia tēlikauta onta kai hypo anemōn sklērōn elaunomena,
Behold also the ships being so great and by hard winds being driven,
metagetai hypo elachistou pēdaliou hopou hē hormē tou euthynontos bouletai,
is guided by a very small rudder wherever the impulse of the one steering decides.

፩፻፲፭ ዓ.ም-ኝኑ ማኅንድ ተስፋዎች የሚከተሉት አገልግሎቶች መካከለዋል

רָאשׁ קְטוּבָה תַּכְעִירֶנָה **גַם-הַלְשׂוֹן** אֲשֶׁר הִיא עַולְם מֶלֶא עַולְלה:

**5. hinneh mah-gadol haya`ar w'esh q'tanah tab`irenu
qam-halashon 'esh hi' `olam male` `aw'lah.**

Jam3:5 Behold, how great a little fire kindles the forest!

Also the tongue is a fire and it is the complete world of iniquity.

〈5〉 οὗτως καὶ ἡ γλῶσσα μικρὸν μέλος ἐστὶν καὶ μεγάλα αὔχει.

Ίδοù ἡλίκον πῦθ ἡλίκην ὥλην ἀνάπτει·

5 houtōs kai **hē glōssa** mikron melos estin kai megalā auchei.

so also the tongue a small member is and boasts great things.

Idou hēlikon pyr hēlikēn hylēn anaptej:

Behold a small fire how great a forest burns:

9 (ע) (ב) מילויים נספחים למסמך הולך ואנושתת אוניברסיטת תל אביב-יפו
ב-6.6.2019

ו(פנ) הַלְשׁוֹן נִצְבָּת בֵּין אֲבָרִינוֹ הַמְגַאַלָּת אֶת-כָּל-הַגּוֹף
וּמְלַחְתָּה אֶת-גָּלָל הַוִּיתָנוֹ וְהִיא לְהֻגְותָה בְּאַשׁ גִּיהֶם:

6. (ken) halashon nitsebeth beyn 'ebareynu hamag'eleth 'eth-kal-haguph um'laheteth 'eth-gal'gal hawayathenu w'hi' l'hutah b'esh geyhinom.

Jam3:6 So the tongue is set among our members, the one defiling the whole body, and sets on fire the course of our life, and it is set on fire by geyhinom

<6> καὶ ἡ γλῶσσα πῦρ· ὁ κόσμος τῆς ἀδικίας ἡ γλῶσσα καθίσταται ἐν τοῖς μέλεσιν ἡμῶν, ἡ σπιλοῦσα ὅλον τὸ σῶμα καὶ φλογίζουσα τὸν τροχὸν τῆς γενέσεως καὶ φλογίζομένη ὑπὸ τῆς γεέννης.

6 kai hē glōssa pyr; ho kosmos tēs adikias hē glōssa

And the tongue is a fire; the sum total of unrighteousness the tongue

kathistatai en tois melesin hēmōn, hē spilousa holon to sōma

becomes among the physical members of us, staining the whole body

kai phlogizousa ton trochon tēs geneseōs kai phlogizomenē hypo tēs geennēs.

and setting on fire the course of life and being set on fire by Gehenna.

וְעַל־מִינֵּי־בָּהֶם וְעֹוף וְרַמֶּשׁ וְחַיּוֹת הַיּוֹם יַקְבְּשֶׁנָּו⁷
וְנִכְבְּשִׁים הֵם עַל־יְדֵי מִינֵּי־הָאָדָם:

**7. ki kal-min b'hemah w'oph w'remes w'chayoth hayam yikabesh
w'nik'bashim hem `al-y'dey min ha'adam.**

Jam3:7 For every species of beasts and birds, of reptiles and creatures of the sea, is tamed and they have been tamed by the hand of the humankind.

<7> πᾶσα γὰρ φύσις θηρίων τε καὶ πετεινῶν, ἔρπετῶν τε καὶ ἐναλίων δαμάζεται καὶ δεδάμασται τῇ φύσει τῇ ἀνθρωπίνῃ,

7 pasa gar physis thēriōn te kai peteinōn, herpetōn te kai enaliōn

For every species both of beasts and birds, both of reptiles and sea creatures
damazetai kai dedamastai tē physei tē anthrōpinē,
is tamed and has been tamed species by the human,

וְאַבְלָה חֲלָשָׁן אֵין אָדָם יַכְלֶל לַקְבְּשָׁה אֵין מַעֲצָר לְרַעַת הַזֹּאת⁸
וְמַלְאָה חַמָּת הַמְּרוֹת:

**8. 'abal halashon 'eyn 'adam yakol l'kab'shah 'eyn ma`tsor lara`ah hazo'th
um'le'ah chamath hamaweth.**

Jam3:8 But no man is able to tame the tongue. It is unruly evil and full of deadly poison.

<8> τὴν δὲ γλῶσσαν οὐδεὶς δαμάσαι δύναται ἀνθρώπων, ἀκατάστατον κακόν, μεστὴ ἵου θανατηφόρου.

8 tēn de glōssan oudeis damasai dynatai anthrōpōn,

but the tongue no one is able to tame of men,

akatastaton kakon, mestē iou thanatēphorou.

an unstable evil, full of death bringing poison.

וְעַל־מִינֵּי־בָּהֶם וְעֹוף וְרַמֶּשׁ וְחַיּוֹת הַיּוֹם יַקְבְּשֶׁנָּו⁹

የተደረገ በርሃን በተቀባዩ የሚከተሉት ነው፡፡

**בָּהּ נִכְרַת אֶת־הָאֱלֹהִים אֲבִינוּ
וּבָהּ נִקְלֵל אֶת־הָאָנָשִׁים הַעֲשֹׂוִים בְּצָלָם אֱלֹהִים:**

**9. bah n'bare'k 'eth-ha'Elohim 'Abinu
ubah n'qalel 'eth-ha'anashim ha`asoyim b'tselem 'Elohim.**

Jam3:9 With it we bless Elohim and Father,
and with it we curse men, who have been made in the likeness of Elohim;

9 ἐν αὐτῇ εὐλογοῦμεν τὸν κύριον καὶ πατέρα
καὶ ἐν αὐτῇ καταρώμεθα τοὺς ἀνθρώπους τοὺς καθ' ὅμοίωσιν θεοῦ γεγονότας,
9 en autē eulogoumen ton kyrion kai patera kai en autē katarōmētha tous anthrōpous
with this we bless YHWH and Father and with this we curse the men
tous kath' homoiōsin theou gegonotas,
according to the likeness of Elohim having been made;

የፌዴራል የዚህ ደንብ በዚህ ደንብ እንደሆነ ስምም ይችላል ይህንን የፌዴራል የዚህ ደንብ በዚህ ደንብ እንደሆነ ስምም ይችላል

ימפה אַחֲרֵי צָאת בְּרִכָּה וְקַלְלָה וּבְנֵי לֹא-יְעַשָּׂה אַחֲרֵי:

10. mi'peh 'echad yotse'th b'rakah uq'lalah w'ken lo'-ye`aseh 'echay.

Jam3:10 out the same mouth come both blessing and cursing.
My brothers, these things ought not so to be.

•**10** ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ στόματος ἔξερχεται εὐλογία καὶ κατάρα.
οὐ νού· ἀδελφοί μου, ταῦτα οὕτως γένεσθαι.

10 ek tou autou stomatos exerchetai eulogia kai katara.
out of the same mouth comes forth blessing and cursing.

ou chrē, adelphoi mou, tauta houtōs ginesthai.
It is **not** necessary, my brothers, these things **so to be.**

יא הַרְבֵּעַ הַפָּעִין מִתְוֹקִים גָּמְרִים מִמּוֹצָא אֶחָר: **יב וְאַתָּה תְּשִׂיר לְיְהוָה שְׁלֹשׁ עַד יְמֵינֶךָ וְאַתָּה תְּשִׂיר לְיְהוָה שְׁלֹשׁ עַד כְּלַיְלָה:**

11. hayabi`a hama`yan m'thuqim umarim mimotsa' 'echad.

Jam3:11 Does a fountain send forth out of the same opening both sweet and bitter water?

«11» μήτι ἡ πηγὴ ἐκ τῆς αὐτῆς ὁπῆς βρύει τὸ γλυκὺ καὶ τὸ πικρόν;

11 mēti hē pēgē ek tēs autēs opēs bruei to glyky

Surely **not** the fountain **out of the same opening** pours forth **the sweet kai to pikron?**
and the bitter?

6. ՀԱՅԻ ՎՃԱՐ ԽՎՈՅ ՅՈՒՆԻ 12
ՀԱՅԻ ՎՃԱՐ ԽՎՈՅ ՅՈՒՆԻ 12

יב אחיך היוכל עז התאנח לשות זיתים או התויכל

הגפן לעשות תְּאַנִּים כֵּן גַּם-מַעֲזָן אֶחָד לֹא יוכל
לנְבָע מִים מַלְוִיחִים וּמַתּוֹקִים:

12. 'achay hayukal `ets hat'enah la`asoth zeythim 'o hathukal hagephen la`asoth t'enim ken gam-ma`yan 'echad lo' yukal lin'bo`a mayim m'luchim um'thuqim.

Jam3:12 Is a fig tree, my brothers, able to produce olives, or is a vine able to produce figs? So also neither one kind is able to produce salt and fresh water.

•**12** μὴ δύναται, ἀδελφοί μου, συκῆ ἐλαίας ποιήσαι ἢ ἄμπελος σῦκα;
οὔτε ἀλυκὸν γλυκὺ ποιήσαι ὅδωρ.

12 mē dynatai, adelphoi mou, sykē elaias poiēsai ē ampelos syka?

Surely is not able, my brothers, a fig tree olives to produce or a vine figs?

oute halykon glyky poiēsai hydōr.

Neither salt sweet to make water.

יג מי בכם חכם ונבון יראה בברכו הטוּבה את-מעשיו בענות החקמה:

**13. mi bakem chakam w'nabon yar'eh b'dar'ko hatobah 'eth-ma`asayu
b`an'wath ha chak'mah.**

Jam3:13 Who among you is wise and understanding?

Let him show by his good conduct his deeds in the gentleness of wisdom.

¶13 Τίς σοφὸς καὶ ἐπιστήμων ἐν ὑμῖν;

τῷ ἐκ τῆς καλῆς ἀναστοοφῆς τὰ ἔργα πάντοι

13 Tis sophos kai enistēmōn en hymn?

Who is wise and understanding among you?
ὅτι εἴ τις καλῶς αναστρέψεται εἰς τὰ ἔργα τοῦ αὐτοῦ εἴη σοφία.

9663XX-6X 779969 391859 393 3479-4X914
:XXX4 5999W-1X8

**יד רְאֵם־קָנָאָה מִרְחָה וּמַרְיִבָּה בְּלַבְבְּכֶם אֶל־תְּתַהְתַּלְלוּ
וְאֶל־פְּשָׁקָרוּ בְּאֶמֶת:**

14. w'im-ən'ah marah um'ribəh bil'bab'kem 'al-tith'halalu w'al-t'shaa'ru ba'emeth.

Jam3:14 But if you have bitter jealousy and strife in your heart, do not boast and lie not against the truth.

‘**14** εἰ δὲ ζῆλον πικρὸν ἔχετε καὶ ἐριθείαν ἐν τῇ καρδίᾳ ὑμῶν,
πὺ κατακαινᾶσθε καὶ πιεύμενασθε κατὰ τῆς ἀληθείας.

**14 ei de zēlon pikron echete kai eritheian en tē kardiā hymōn,
But if bitter jealousy you have and selfishness in your heart,
mē katakauchasthe kai pseudesthe kata tēs alētheias.**

do not boast and lie against the truth.

15 אֲלֹתָא זֶאת הַחֲקִמָה הַיְרָדָת מִפְעָל
כִּי אֶם-חֲקִמָת הַחֲלֵד וְהַיְצָר וְהַשְׁדִים:

15. **Io' zo'th hachak'mah hayoredeth mima'al ki 'im-chak'math hacheled w'hayetser w'hashedim.**

Jam3:15 This wisdom is not that which comes down from above, but is the earthly wisdom and the natural and the demons.

<15> οὐκ ἔστιν αὕτη ἡ σοφία ἄνωθεν κατερχομένη ἀλλὰ ἐπίγειος, ψυχική, δαιμονιόδες.

15 ouk estin hautē hē sophia anōthen katerchomenē alla epigeios, psychikē, daimoniōdēs.
Not is this the wisdom coming down from above but is earthly, natural, demonic.

16 טַז כִּי־בָמָקוּם קְנָאָה וּמְרִיבָה שֶׁם מְהוֹמָה וּכְלָמְשָׁה רַע:

16. **ki-bim'qom qin'ah um'ribah sham m'humah w'kal-ma'aseh ra`.**

Jam3:16 For where jealousy and strife is, there is confusion and every evil thing.

<16> ὅπου γάρ ζῆλος καὶ ἐριθεία, ἐκεῖ ἀκαταστασία καὶ πᾶν φαῦλον πρᾶγμα.

16 hopou gar zēlos kai eritheia, ekei akatastasia kai pan phaulon pragma.

For where jealousy and selfishness are, there is disorder and every evil practice.

17 אָבָל הַחֲקִמָה אֲשֶׁר מִפְעָל טֻהוֹרָה הִיא אֲפִ-אַחֲבָת שְׁלוֹם
וּמִכְבָּעָת לְכָפֵ-זִכּוֹת וְלֹא עַמְדָת עַל-כַּעֲפָה וּמְלָאָה בְּחִימִים
וּפְרִי טֹב בְּלֹא-לְבָב וְלֹבֶן חֲנֻפָה בָה:

17. **'abal hachak'mah 'asher mima'al t'horah hi' 'aph-'ohebeth shalom umak'ra'ath l'kaph-z'kuth w'lo' `omedeth `al-da'tah um'le'ah rachamim uph'ri tob b'lo'-leb waleb w'eyn chanupah bah.**

Jam3:17 But the wisdom which is pure from above, although it is a love of peace, decisive to the palm of right, and it does not stand up for its knowledge and full of mercy and good fruits without heart and heart (partiality), without hypocrisy in it.

<17> ἡ δὲ ἄνωθεν σοφία πρῶτον μὲν ἀγνή ἔστιν, ἐπειτα εἰρηνική, ἐπιεικής, εὐπειθής, μεστὴ ἐλέους καὶ καρπῶν ἀγαθῶν, ἀδιάκριτος, ἀνυπόκριτος.

17 **hē de anōthen sophia prōton men hagnē estin, epeita eirēnikē, epieikēs eupeithēs, But the wisdom from above first pure is, then peace-loving, considerate, yielding, mestē eleous kai karpōn agathōn, adiakritos, anypokritos.**

full of mercy and good fruits, impartial, unhypocritical.

:בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְהוָה אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְהוָה
18

יְהוָה וָפָרִי הַצְדָקָה בְשָׁלוֹם יְזִירָע לְעֵשִׂיר הַשָּׁלוֹם:

18. uph'ri hats'daqah b'shalom yizare'a l'osey hashalom.

Jam3:18 And the fruit is righteousness is sown in peace by those who make peace.

<18> καρπὸς δὲ δικαιοσύνης ἐν εἰρήνῃ σπείρεται τοῖς ποιούσιν εἰρήνην.

18 karpos de dikaiosynēs en eirēnē speiretai tois poiousin eirēnēn.

And the fruit of righteousness in peace is sown by the ones making peace.

Chapter 4

בְּרוּךְ יְהוָה עַל כָּל עַמּוֹת אָשָׁר בֵּיןיכֶם מֵאַין הַמָּה
בְּרוּךְ יְהוָה עַל כָּל עַמּוֹת הַמְּתָבָרֹת בְּאֶבְרִיכֶם:

אַ הַמְּלָחָמוֹת וְהַמְּדָנִים אֲשֶׁר בֵּיןיכֶם מֵאַין הַמָּה
בְּלֹא מִתּוֹךְ הַתְּאֻות הַמְּתָבָרֹת בְּאֶבְרִיכֶם:

1. hamil'chamoth w'ham'danim 'asher beyneykem me'ayin hemah
halo' mito'k hata'aot hamith'garoth b'ebareykem.

Jam4:1 From where come wars and fightings which are among you?
Do they not come from your pleasures that wage war in your members?

<4:1> Πόθεν πόλεμοι καὶ πόθεν μάχαι ἐν ὑμῖν;

οὐκ ἐντεῦθεν, ἐκ τῶν ἡδονῶν ὑμῶν τῶν στρατευομένων ἐν τοῖς μέλεσιν ὑμῶν;

1 Pothen polemoi kai pothen machai en hymin?

From where come wars and from where come fights among you?

ouk enteuthen, ek tōn hēdonōn hymōn tōn strateuomenōn en tois melesin hymōn?

Is it not from here from your pleasures warring in your members?

בְּרוּךְ יְהוָה עַל כָּל עַמּוֹת אָשָׁר בֵּיןיכֶם מֵאַין הַמָּה
בְּרוּךְ יְהוָה עַל כָּל עַמּוֹת הַמְּתָבָרֹת בְּאֶבְרִיכֶם:

בְּאֶתְבָּם מַתְאֹרִים וְאַין לְכֶם תְּרַצְּחוּ וְתִקְנָאוּ וְהַשֵּׁג לֹא
תְּשִׁיגוּ תְּرִיבּוּ וְתִלְחָמוּ וְאַין לְכֶם מִפְנֵי שְׁלָא-שְׁאַלְתָּם:

2. 'attem mith'auim w'eyn lakem t'rats'chu uth'qan'u
w'haseg lo' thasigu taribu w'thilachamu w'eyn lakem mip'ney shel'-sh'el'tem.

Jam4:2 You desire and do not have. You commit murder and are envious,
and are not able to obtain. You fight and make war.

You do not have because you do not ask.

<2> ἐπιθυμεῖτε καὶ οὐκ ἔχετε, φονεύετε καὶ ζηλοῦτε καὶ οὐ δύνασθε ἐπιτυχεῖν,
μάχεσθε καὶ πολεμεῖτε, οὐκ ἔχετε διὰ τὸ μὴ αἴτεῖσθαι ὑμᾶς,

2 epithymeite kai ouk echete, phoneuete kai zeloute kai ou dynasthe

You desire and you do not have, you kill and you envy and you are not able
epitychein, macheсте kai polemeite, ouk echete dia to mē aiteisthai himas,
to obtain, you fight and you war, you do not have because fail to ask you.

גַּם־אָתֶם אַתֶּם וְלֹא יִפְתַּח לְכֶם עַל־אֲשֶׁר שְׁאָלַתֶּם בְּרֻעָה
לְמַעַן תִּבְלֹו בְּתֵאותֵיכֶם:

3. hen sho'alm 'attem w'lo' yinathen lakem `al-'asher sh'el'tem b'r'a`ah
I'ma'an t'balu b'tha'aotheykem.

Jam4:3 See, you ask and you shall not be given, because you ask badly,
so that you may spend it on your pleasures.

3 αἰτεῖτε καὶ οὐ λαμβάνετε διότι κακῶς αἰτεῖσθε,
ἴνα ἐν ταῖς ἡδοναῖς ὑμῶν δαπανήσητε.

3 aiteite kai ou lambanete dioti kakōs aiteisthe,
You ask and you do not receive because you ask badly,
hina en tais hēdonais hymōn dapanēsēte.
that on your pleasures you may spend it.

ד (הנְּאָפִים ו) הַנְּאָפָה תְּלֹא יַדְעָתֶם
כִּי־אֶחֱבָת הַעוֹלָם אִירְבָת אֱלֹהִים הִיא
וְעַתָּה הַחֲפִץ לְהִיוֹת אֶחָב הַעוֹלָם יְהִי אֶרְבָ לְאֱלֹהִים:

4. (hano'aphim w') hano'aphoth halo' y'da`tem ki-'ahabath ha`olam 'eybath
'Elohim hi' w`attah hechaphets lih'yoth 'oheb ha`olam yih'yeh 'oyeb l'Elohim.

Jam4:4 Adulterers and adulteresses, do you not know
that the love of the world is enmity toward Elohim?
Now whoever wishes to be a love of the world is an enemy of Elohim.

4 μοιχαλίδες, οὐκ οἴδατε ὅτι ἡ φιλία τοῦ κόσμου ἔχθρα τοῦ Θεοῦ ἐστιν;
ὅς ἐὰν οὖν βουλγθῇ φίλος εἶναι τοῦ κόσμου, ἔχθρὸς τοῦ Θεοῦ καθίσταται.

4 moichalides, ouk oideate hoti hē philia tou kosmou echthra
Adulteresses, do you not know that the friendship of the world enmity
tou theou estin? hos ean oun boulēthē philos einai tou kosmou,
with Elohim is? Whoever therefore chooses to be a friend of the world,
echthros tou theou kathistatai.
an enemy of Elohim is made.

הַתְּהִדְמָה בְּנֶפֶשְׁכֶם כִּי לְרִיק אָמַר חֲקָתוֹ
בְּקִנְאָה יְהִא לְרוֹחָךְ אֲשֶׁר חַשְׁבֵין בְּקִרְבָּנוֹ:

**5. hath'damu b'naph'sh'kem ki lariq 'amar haKathub
b'qin'ah yith'aueh laRuach 'asher hish'kin b'qir'benu.**

Jam4:5 Or do you think in your soul that in vain the Scripture says,
the Spirit that dwell among us shall boast with jealousy?

כִּי δοκεῖτε ὅτι κενῶς ἡ γραφὴ λέγει,
Πρὸς φθόνον ἐπιποθεῖ τὸ πνεῦμα ὃ κατόκισεν ἐν ἡμῖν,
5 ἕδοκείτε κενῷς ἡ γράφη λέγει,

Or do you think that in vain the Scripture says,
Pros phthonon epipothei to pneuma ho katōkisen en hēmin,
with jealousy desires us the Spirit which He caused to dwell in us?

בְּעֵד אֲלֹהִים כָּאֵת שֶׁבַע מֵאוֹת שָׁנִים
בְּעֵד אֱלֹהִים כָּאֵת שֶׁבַע מֵאוֹת שָׁנִים:

רַבָּם בְּגָדִיל לְתַתְ-חַן עַל-כֵּן הַקְרָבוֹ אָמַר
אֱלֹהִים לְלִצְיָם רְלִיאֵץ וְלְעָנוֹרִים יַתְּנוֹ-חַן:

**6. w'gam yag'dil latheth-chen `al-ken hakathub 'omer 'Elohim laletsim yalits
w'la `anawim yiten-chen.**

Jam4:6 And also He gives greater grace. Therefore the Scripture says,
Elohim is opposed to the proud, but gives grace to the humble.

καὶ μείζονα δὲ δίδωσιν χάριν; διὸ λέγει,
Οὐ θεὸς ὑπερηφάνοις ἀντιτάσσεται, ταπεινοῖς δὲ δίδωσιν χάριν.

6 meizona de didōsin charin? dio legei,
Greater but He gives grace. Therefore it says,
Ho theos hyperēphanois antitassetai, tapeinois de didōsin charin.
Elohim opposes proud men, but to humble men He gives grace.

בְּעֵד אֱלֹהִים כָּאֵת שֶׁבַע מֵאוֹת שָׁנִים:

זְלָכֵן הַקְנָעוֹ לִפְנֵי הָאֱלֹהִים הַתִּצְבֹּו נֶגֶד הַשְּׁטָן וַיַּבְרַח מִפְנֵיכֶם:
**7. Iaken hikan' u liph'ney ha'Elohim hit'hats'bu neged hasatan
w'yib'rach mip'neykem.**

Jam4:7 Subject yourselves therefore to the presence of Elohim.
Stand up against the satan and he shall flee from you.

καὶ ὑποτάγητε οὖν τῷ Θεῷ, ἀντίστητε δὲ τῷ διαβόλῳ καὶ φεύξεται ἀπ' ὑμῶν,
7 hypotagēte oun tō theō, antistēte de tō diabolō kai pheuxetai aph' hymōn,
Be subject therefore to Elohim, but oppose the devil and he shall flee from you;

בְּעֵד אֱלֹהִים כָּאֵת שֶׁבַע מֵאוֹת שָׁנִים:

חַקְרָבוֹ לְאֱלֹהִים וַיַּקְרַב אֱלֹיכֶם רְחַצְוֹ יְהִיכֶם הַחֲטָאים
טָהָרוֹ לְבָבֶכֶם חַלְיוֹקִי הַלְּבָב:

8. qir'bu l'Elohim w'yiqrab 'aleykem

rachatsu y'deykem hachata'im taharu l'bab'kem chaluqey halebab.

Jam4:8 Draw near to Elohim and He shall draw near to you.

Cleanse your hands, the sinners. And purify your hearts, you divided the heart.

8 ἐγγίσατε τῷ θεῷ καὶ ἐγγιεῖ ὑμῖν.

καθαρίσατε χεῖρας, ἀμαρτωλοί, καὶ ἀγνίσατε καρδίας, δύψυχοι.

8 eggisate tō theō kai eggiei hymin. katharisate cheiras, hamartōloi,

draw near to Elohim and He shall draw near to you. Cleanse your hands, sinners,
kai hagnisate kardias, dipsychoi.

and sanctify your hearts, double-minded ones.

:בְּאַלְפָן עַזְמָעָנָה כְּנַחַת עַל עַתְּדָה אֶעֱשֵׂה אֲכֹלָה אַלְמָנָה 9

ט הַתְּעִנוֹ וְהַתְּאַבְּלוּ וּבָכוּ שְׁחוֹקְכֶם יְחִפֵּךְ לְאַבְּלָל וְשִׁמְחַתְּכֶם לִרְגּוֹן:

9. hith'anu w'hith'ab'l u b'ku s'choq'kem yehaphe'k l'ebel w'sim'chath'kem l'yagon.

Jam4:9 Lament and mourn and weep!

let your laughter be turned into mourning and your joy to grief.

9 ταλαιπωρήσατε καὶ πενθήσατε καὶ κλαύσατε.

ὁ γέλως ὑμῶν εἰς πένθος μετατράπητω καὶ ἡ χαρὰ εἰς κατήφειαν.

9 talaipōrēsate kai penthēsate kai klausate.

Lament and mourn and weep.

ho gelōs hymōn eis penthos metatrapētō kai hē chara eis katēpheian.

Your laughter into mourning let it be changed and the joy into gloom.

:עַל עַתְּדָה אֲכֹלָה אֲלָמָנָה אַלְמָנָה 10

יְהַשְּׁפֵלוּ לִפְנֵי יְהוָה וְהַוְאָ רְבִים אֲתְּכֶם:

10. hishaph'lu liph'ney Yahūwah w'hu' yarim 'eth'kem.

Jam4:10 Humble yourselves in the presence of אלהים, and He shall exalt you.

10 ταπεινώθητε ἐνώπιον κυρίου καὶ ὑψώσει ὑμᾶς.

10 tapeinōthēte enōpion kyriou kai huyōsei hymas.

Be humbled before YHWH and He shall exalt you.

:אַלְמָנָה אַלְמָנָה כְּנַחַת עַזְמָעָנָה כְּנַחַת עַזְמָעָנָה 11
וְהַנְּצָרָת אֲלָמָנָה אֲלָמָנָה כְּנַחַת עַזְמָעָנָה כְּנַחַת עַזְמָעָנָה
כְּנַחַת עַזְמָעָנָה כְּנַחַת עַזְמָעָנָה כְּנַחַת עַזְמָעָנָה כְּנַחַת עַזְמָעָנָה

יְאָחִי אֶל-תְּדִבְּרוּ אִישׁ בְּרַעְיוֹן הַמְּחַרְפֵּךְ אֶת-הַרְעָה
וְהַנְּצָרָת אֲחִיו אֶת-הַתּוֹרָה הוּא מְחַרְפֵּךְ וְאֶת-הַתּוֹרָה הוּא דָן
וְאֶמְתָּדֵין אֶת-הַתּוֹרָה אַיִּנְךָ מִקְיָם הַתּוֹרָה קַי אַמְּדָנָה:

11. 'achay 'al-t'dab'ru 'ish b're`ehu ham'chareph 'eth-re`ehu
w'dan 'eth-'achiu 'eth-haTorah hu' m'chareph w'eth-haTorah hu' dan
w'im-tadin 'eth-haTorah 'eyn'ak m'qayem haTorah ki 'im-danah.

Jam4:11 Do not speak against one another, my brothers. He who speaks against his friend

or judges his brother, he speaks against the Law and he judges the Law but if you judge the Law, you are not a doer of the Law but a judge.

<11> Μὴ καταλαλεῖτε ἀλλήλων, ἀδελφοί. ὁ καταλαλῶν ἀδελφοῦ
ἢ κρίνων τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ καταλαλεῖ νόμου καὶ κρίνει νόμον·
εἰ δὲ νόμον κρίνεις, οὐκ εἰ ποιητὴς νόμου ἀλλὰ κριτής.

11 Mē katalaleite allēlōn, adelphoi. ho katalalōn adelphou

Do not speak against one another, brothers. The one speaking against a brother
ē krinōn ton adelphon autou katalalei nomou kai krinei nomon;
or judging his brother speaking against the Law and judges the Law;
ei de nomon krineis, ouk ei poiētēs nomou alla kritēs.
now if the Law you judge, you are not a doer of the Law but a judge.

מִשְׁאָלָה אֶת־מֵשֶׁבֶת כִּי־כַּאֲמִתָּה
בְּעֵד־עֲמִיתָה וְעֵד־עֲמִיתָה וְעֵד־עֲמִיתָה 12

יב אֱחָד הוּא הַמְחַקֶּק (וְהַשְּׁפֵט) אֲשֶׁר יָכֹל לְהֹשִׁיעַ וְלֹא בָּדֵד
בְּמַר אָתָּה כִּי תָדִין אֶת־עֲמִיתָה:

12. 'echad hu' ham'choeq (w'hashophet) 'asher yakol l'hoshi'a ul'abed
umi 'attah ki thadin 'eth-`amitakeh.

Jam4:12 There is one Lawgiver and Judge, who is able to save and to destroy.
Who are you that you judge your neighbor?

<12> εἷς ἔστιν [ό] νομοθέτης καὶ κριτὴς ὁ δυνάμενος σῶσαι καὶ ἀπολέσαι·
σὺ δὲ τίς εἶ ὁ κρίνων τὸν πλησίον;

12 heis estin [ho] nomothetēs kai kritēs ho dynamenos sōsai kai apolessai;
One is the Lawgiver and Judge, the One being able to save and to destroy;
sy de tis ei ho krinōn ton plēsion?
you but who are, the one judging your neighbor?

בְּעֵד־עֲמִיתָה כִּי־כַּאֲמִתָּה וְעֵד־עֲמִיתָה וְעֵד־עֲמִיתָה וְעֵד־עֲמִיתָה 13

יג הָיָי הָאָמָרִים גַּלְכָּה הַיּוֹם וּמַחר לְעִיר פְּלוּגִית אֶל־מִזְגִּית
וּבְעֵשֶׂה־שָׁם שָׁנָה אֶחָת לְסֻחָר בָּה וְלִהְרָבּוֹת הָןָה:

13. hoy ha'om'rim nel'kah hayom umachar l'ir p'lonth 'al'monith
w'na `aseh-sham shanah 'achath lis'chor bah u'har'both hon.

Jam4:13 Alas, a certain who say, Today or tomorrow let us go to such and such
a city, and spend there one year and to trade it, and to make a profit.

<13> Ἀγε νῦν οἱ λέγοντες, Σήμερον ἢ αὔριον πορευσόμεθα εἰς τήνδε τὴν πόλιν
καὶ ποιήσομεν ἐκεῖ ἐνιαυτὸν καὶ ἐμπορευσόμεθα καὶ κερδήσομεν·

13 Age nyne legontes, Sēmeron ē aurion poreusometha eis tēnde tēn polin
Come now, the ones saying, today or tomorrow we shall go into this or that city
kai poiēsomen ekei eniauton kai emporeusometha
and we shall do business there a year and shall merchandize
kai kerdesomen;

and shall make a profit;

ԳԵՂՄԱՆ ՏԵՂ-ՑՈՒ ԿՈԴՔ ՀԵՂԻ 14
ՀԵՂԻ ՀԵՂ ԳԵՂԻ 019-ՑՈՒ ԿՍ ՀԵՂԻ ՀԵՂԻ ՀԵՂԻ ՀԵՂԻ ՀԵՂԻ ՀԵՂԻ

יד ולא תדרשו מה-ילד יום מחר

כִּי מָה חַיֵּיכם עַשְׂנָן הַגְּרֹאָה כִּי מַעֲט־רָגְעָה וְאֶחָר קָלָה וְגִילָּךְ:

14. w'lo' thed'u mah-yeled yom machar ki meh chayeykem `ashan hanir'eh
ki m`at-rega` w'achar kalah wayela'k.

Jam4:14 When you do not know what the child shall be the day tomorrow. For what is your life? For you are a vapor that appears for a little while and then another vanishes away.

«14» οἵτινες οὐκ ἐπίστασθε τὸ τῆς αὔριον ποία ἡ ζωὴ ὑμῶν· ἀτμὶς γάρ ἐστε ἡ πρὸς ὀλίγον φαινομένη, ἔπειτα καὶ ἀφανιζομένη.

14 hoitines ouk epistasthe to tēs aurion poia hē zōē hymōn;
you who do not know what tomorrow shall be or what your life shall be;
atmis gar este hē pros oligon phainomenē, epeita kai aphanizomenē.
for a mist you are for a little while appearing, then indeed disappearing.

አዲስ አበባ-ኋናንዳን ማኅበር ተመሪያ ስራው ተመሪያ ተመሪያ ተመሪያ ተመሪያ ተመሪያ ተመሪያ ተመሪያ ተመሪያ

טו פחת אשר תאמר אם ירצה יהוה ונחיה נעשה כזה וכה:
15. tachath 'asher to'mru 'im-yir'tseh Yahúwah w'nich'yeh na`aseh kazoh w'kazeh.

Jam4:15 Under which you say, If ~~thee~~ wills, we shall live and do this or that.

¶15 ἀνπὶ τοῦ λέγειν ὑμᾶς, Ἐὰν ὁ κύριος θελήσῃ καὶ ζήσομεν καὶ πουήσομεν τοῦτο ἡ ἐκεῖνο.

15 anti tou legein hymas, Ean ho kyrios thelēsē
Instead of this you ought to say, If YHWH wills
kai zēsomen kai poiēsomen touto ē ekeino.
and we shall live also we shall do this or that.

• ፳፻፲፭ ዓ.ም. በ፳፻፲፭ ዓ.ም. - ፬፻፲፭ ዓ.ም. ተሸች እና ተሸች የ፩፻፲፭ ዓ.ም.

טז עיטה תתחללו בגאותכם וככל-תתלה בזאת רעה הירא:

16. `attah tith'halalu b'ga'awath'kem w'kal-t'hilah kazoth ra`ah hi'.

Jam4:16 But now you boast in your arrogance. And all such boasting is evil.

¶**16** νῦν δὲ καυχᾶσθε ἐν ταῖς ἀλαζονείαις ὑμῶν· πᾶσα καύχησις τοιαύτη πονηρά ἔστιν.

16 **nyn de kauchasthe en tais alazoneiais hymōn; pasa kauchēsis toiautē ponēra estin.**
But now you boast in your pretensions all such boasting is evil.

16 **ՀԱՅ ՀՅՈՒՄ ԿԵՐ ՎԵՐ** 17

יז ל' כן הידעת **לעשות** הטוב **ולא רצחה** חטא הוא לו:

17. laken hayode`a la`asoth hatob w'lo' ya`asenu chet' hu' lo.

Jam4:17 Therefore, he who knows how to do good and does not do it, to him it is sin.

εἰδότι οὖν καλὸν ποιεῖν καὶ μὴ ποιοῦντι, ἀμαρτία αὐτῷ ἔστιν.

17 eidoti oun kalon poiein kai mē poiounti, hamartia autō estin.

To the one knowing therefore to do good and not doing it, sin to him it is.

Chapter 5

אָהִזְרָאֵת וְעַל־הַצְּרֹתָה
בְּעַלְמָנָה עַלְכֶם:

אָהִזְרָאֵת וְעַל־הַצְּרֹתָה
בְּעַלְמָנָה עַלְכֶם:

1. hoy ha`ashirim b'ku w'heyililu `al-hatsaroth 'asher tabo'nah `aleykem.

Jam5:1 Alas, rich ones, weep and howl over your miseries which shall come upon you.

Ἄγε νῦν οἱ πλούσιοι, κλαύσατε ὀλολύζοντες

ἐπὶ τὰς ταλαιπωρίας ὑμῶν τὰς ἐπερχομένας.

**1 Age nyn hoī plousioi, klausate ololyzontes epi tais talaipōriais hymōn tais eperchomenais.
Come now the rich men, weep, howling over your misseries comng upon you.**

בְּעַשְׂרָכֶם בְּלָה וּבְגִדִּיכֶם אֲכָלָם נְשָׁ:

2. `ash'r'kem balah ubig'deykem 'akalam `ash.

Jam5:2 Your riches have rotted and your garments have become moth-eaten.

ὁ πλοῦτος ὑμῶν σέσηπεν καὶ τὰ ἴμάτια ὑμῶν σητόβρωτα γέγονεν,

2 ho ploutos hymōn sesēpen kai ta himatia hymōn sētobrōta gegonen,

Your wealth has rooted and your clothes have become moth eaten,

בְּזָהָבֶם וּבְסָפָכֶם כְּפֻתָּם חַלְאָה וְחִיתָּה חַלְאָתָם בְּכֶם לְעִדרוֹת
וְאֲכָלָה בְּמָוֶת אֲשֶׁר בְּשָׂרָכֶם זֶה הִיא דָאָוֶץ
אֲצָרָתָם לְכֶם לְקַץ הַיּוֹם:

**3. z'hab'kem w'kas'p'kem kisatham chel'ah w'hay'thah chel'atham bakem l'eduth
w'ak'lah k'mo-'esh 'eth-b'sar'kem zeh hu' ha'otsar 'atsar'tem lakem l'qets hayamim.**

Jam5:3 Your gold and your silver are just as they have rusted,
and their rust shall be a witness against you and shall consume your flesh like fire.
It is in the last days that you have stored up your treasure!

ὁ χρυσὸς ὑμῶν καὶ ὁ ἄργυρος κατίωται καὶ ὁ ἱὸς αὐτῶν εἰς μαρτύριον ὑμῖν ἔσται
καὶ φάγεται τὰς σάρκας ὑμῶν ὡς πῦρ. Ἐθησαυρίσατε ἐν ἐσχάταις ἥμέραις.

3 ho chrysos hymōn kai ho argyros katiōtai
 Your gold and the silver has been corroded
 kai ho ios autōn eis martyriōn hymin estai kai phagetai tas sarkas hymōn hōs pyr.
 and their corrosion for testimony to you shall be and shall eat your flesh as fire.
 ethēsaurisate en eschatais hēmerais.
 You stored up treasure in the last days.

וְעַתָּה כִּי־בְּשָׂרֵךְ תְּמִימָדֶךְ וְעַתָּה כִּי־בְּשָׂרֵךְ תְּמִימָדֶךְ
 וְעַתָּה כִּי־בְּשָׂרֵךְ תְּמִימָדֶךְ וְעַתָּה כִּי־בְּשָׂרֵךְ תְּמִימָדֶךְ

ד הַנְּהָרָה שְׁכָר הַפְּעָלִים אֲסֵפִי קָצֵיר שְׁדַתְּיכֶם אֲשֶׁר צְשֻׁקְתֶּם
 צְעַק עֲלֵיכֶם וְצְעַקְתָּה בְּקֹצְרִים בְּאָה בְּאָזְנִי רְחָבָה צְבָאֹות:

4. hinneh s'kar hapo`alim 'os'phey q'tsir s'dotheykem 'asher `ashaq'tem tso`eq
 `aleykem w'tsa`aqath haqots'rim ba'ah b'az'ney Yahúwah Ts'ba'oth.

Jam5:4 Behold, the wages of the laborers who have gathered the harvest of your fields,
 which you have kept back and cried out.

And their cries of the reapers came into the ears of Tsabaoth (hosts).

4 οὐδεὶς ὁ μισθὸς τῶν ἐργατῶν τῶν ἀμησάντων
 τὰς χώρας ὑμῶν ὁ ἀπεστερημένος ἀφ' ὑμῶν κράζει,
 καὶ αἱ βοᾶται τῶν θερισάντων εἰς τὰ ὄτα κυρίου Σαβαὼθ εἰσεληλύθασιν.

4 idou ho misthos tōn ergatōn tōn amēsantōn tas chōras hymōn
 Behold, the pay of the workmen having mowed your fields

ho apesterēmenos aph' hymōn krazei, kai hai boai
 which pay having been withheld by you cries out, and the cries

tōn therisantōn eis ta ōta kyriou Sabaōth eiselēlythasin.
 of the ones having reaped into the ears of YHWH of hosts having entered.

וְעַתָּה כִּי־בְּשָׂרֵךְ תְּמִימָדֶךְ וְעַתָּה כִּי־בְּשָׂרֵךְ תְּמִימָדֶךְ
 וְעַתָּה כִּי־בְּשָׂרֵךְ תְּמִימָדֶךְ וְעַתָּה כִּי־בְּשָׂרֵךְ תְּמִימָדֶךְ

ה הַתְּעַבְּדָנְתֶם בְּאָרֶץ וְהַתְּעַבְּדָנְתֶם
 וְהַשְּׁמַנְתֶּם אֶת־לְבָכֶם כְּמוֹ לִיּוֹם טִבְחָה:

5. hith` adan'tem ba'arets w'hith` anag'tem
 w'hish'man'tem 'eth-lib'kem k'mo l'yom tib'chah.

Jam5:5 You have lived in pleasure on the earth and luxury,
 you have fattened your hearts as in a day of slaughter.

5 ἐτρυφήσατε ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς καὶ ἐσπαταλήσατε,
 ἐθρέψατε τὰς καρδίας ὑμῶν ἐν ἡμέρᾳ σφαγῆς,

5 etryphēsate epi tēs gēs kai espatalēsate,
 You lived in indulgence upon the earth and lived luxuriously,
 ethrepseate tas kardias hymōn en hēmerā sphagēs,
 you nourished your hearts as in a day of slaughter,

וְעַתָּה כִּי־בְּשָׂרֵךְ תְּמִימָדֶךְ וְעַתָּה כִּי־בְּשָׂרֵךְ תְּמִימָדֶךְ

וְהַרְשָׁעָתֶם וְחִמְתֶּם אֶת־הַצְדִיק וְהִיא בָּעֵנָה לֹא־יִפְתַּח פָרוּ:

6. **hir'sha`tem wahamitem 'eth-hatsadiq w'hu' na`aneh lo'-yiph'tach piu.**

Jam5:6 You have condemned and you have murdered the righteous man and he does not resist your mouth openly.

«6» κατεδικάσατε, ἐφονεύσατε τὸν δίκαιον, οὐκ ἀντιτάσσεται ὑμῖν.

6 katedikasate, ephoneusate ton dikaion, ouk antitassetai hymin.

you condemned, you killed the righteous man, he does not resist you.

לֹכֶן אֲחֵי דָמֶג וְהוֹחִילוּ עַד־בָּוֹא הָאָדוֹן חִפָּה
הָאָכֵר מִחְקָה לְטוֹב תִּבוֹאַת הָאָדָמָה וּמִיחָלָל
כִּי־יָרַד עַלְיָה גַּשֵּׁם יוֹרֵה וּמַלְקוּשׁ:

7. **laken 'achay domu w'hochilu `ad-bo' ha'Adon hinneh ha'ikar m'chakeh l'tub t'bu'ath ha'adamah um'yachel ki-yered `aleyah geshem yoreh umal'qosh.**

Jam5:7 Therefore His blood are applied to my brothers until the coming of the Adon. Behold, the farmer waits for the precious produce of the earth, wishing that the early rains are coming down on it and latter rains.

«7» Μακροθυμήσατε οὖν, ἀδελφοί, ἔως τῆς παρουσίας τοῦ κυρίου.
ἰδοὺ δὲ γεωργὸς ἐκδέχεται τὸν τίμιον καρπὸν τῆς γῆς μακροθυμῶν
ἐπ' αὐτῷ ἔως λάβῃ πρότιμον καὶ ὅψιμον.

7 Makrothymēsate oun, adelphoi, heōs tēs parousias tou kyriou.

Be patient therefore, brothers, until the coming of the Master.

idou ho geōrgos ekdechetai ton timion karpon tēs gēs makrothymōn ep' autō
Behold the farmer awaits the precious fruit of the earth, being patient for it
heōs labē proimon kai opsimon.
until it receives the early and latter rain.

לֹכֶן הוֹחִילוּ גַּם־אַתֶּם וְאַמְצֵאוּ לִבְבָּכֶם כִּי קָרוֹב הָאָדוֹן לְבָבָא:

8. **ken hochilu gam-'attem w'am'tsu l'bab'kem ki qarob ha'Adon labo'.**

Jam5:8 So you also, be patient. Establish your hearts, for the coming of the Master is near.

«8» μακροθυμήσατε καὶ ὑμεῖς, στηρίξατε τὰς καρδίας ὑμῶν,
ὅτι δὲ παρουσία τοῦ κυρίου ἥγγικεν.

8 makrothymēsate kai hymeis, stērixate tas kardias hymōn,

Be patient also you, establish your hearts,

hoti hē parousia tou kyriou ēggiken.

because the coming of the Master has drawn near.

אָל־תַּחֲנֹן אֵלֶיךָ רְאֵבָךְ
בְּפִנְךָ תִּשְׁפַּט הָעֵדָה כַּעֲמָד בְּפִתְחָה:

ט אָחִי אֶל־תַּחֲנֹן אֵלֶיךָ רְאֵבָךְ
פִּנְךָ תִּשְׁפַּט הָעֵדָה כַּעֲמָד בְּפִתְחָה:

9. 'echay 'al-tith'onanu 'ish `al-re`ehu
pen-tishaphetu hinneh hadayan `omed bapathach.

Jam5:9 Do not grumble, my brothers, against one another, lest you be judged. Behold, the Judge is standing at the door!

<9> μὴ στενάζετε, ἀδελφοί, κατ' ἀλλήλων ἵνα μὴ κριθῆτε·
ἴδού ὁ κριτής πρὸ τῶν θυρῶν ἔστηκεν.

9 mē stenazete, adelphoi, kat' allēlōn hina mē krithēte;
Do not murmur, brothers, against one another lest you be judged;
idou ho kritēs pro tōn thyrōn hestēken.
behold, the Judge before the doors has stood.

אָחִי הַנּוּבִיאִים אֲשֶׁר דִּבְּרוּ בְּשֵׁם יְהוָה הֵם יְהִרְאָנָה
לְכֶם לְמוֹפֵת חָנֵן וְהַתֹּחֲלַת:

10. 'echay han'bi'im 'asher dib'ru b'shem Yahūwah hem yih'yu
lakem l'mopheth ha`ani w'hatocheleth.

Jam5:10, My brothers, the prophets who spoke in the name of קָדוֹשׁ כָּבֵד
as they are to you as an example of suffering and patience.

<10> ὑπόδειγμα λάβετε, ἀδελφοί, τῆς κακοπαθίας
καὶ τῆς μακροθυμίας τοὺς προφήτας οἵτινες ἐν τῷ ὄνόματι κυρίου.

10 hypodeigma labete, adelphoi, tēs kakopatheias
Take as an example, brothers, of suffering evil
kai tēs makrothymias tous prophētas hoī elalēsan en tō onomati kyriou.

וְאֶת־אַחֲרִית הָאָדוֹן רְאֵיכֶם כִּירְחִים וְחָנֻן יְהִיָּה:
וְאֶת־מְאַשְׁרִים אֲנָחָנוּ אֶת־הַפְּבָלִים שְׁמַעְתֶּם סְבִּלוֹת אִיּוֹב

11. hinneh m'ash'rim 'anach'nu 'eth-hasob'lim sh'ma`tem sab'lānuth 'Iyob
w'eth-'acharith ha'Adon r'ithem ki-rachum w'chanun Yahūwah.

Jam5:11 Behold, we count them blessed which endured.
You have heard of the endurance of Iyob (Job) and have seen the outcome
of the Adon, that קָדוֹשׁ כָּבֵד is full of compassion, and kindness.

<11> ίδού μακαρίζομεν τοὺς ὑπομείναντας· τὴν ὑπομονὴν Ἰώβ ἡκούσατε

καὶ τὸ τέλος κυρίου εἴδετε, ὅτι πολύσπλαγχνός ἐστιν ὁ κύριος καὶ οἰκτίρμων.

11 idou makarizomen tous hypomeinantas;

Behold, we call blessed the ones having endured;

tēn hypomonēn Iōb ēkousate kai to telos kyriou eidete,

the endurance of Job you heard of and the end result from YHWH you saw,

hoti polysplagchnos estin ho kyrios kai oiktirmōn.

that full of tender compassion is YHWH and merciful.

۱۹۸۹ ۲۶۹ ۷۷۴۹۰۹ ۲۶ ۹۰۹۰۹ ۲۶ ۱۷۸ ۹۹۰ ۷۷۴۹۱۲
۵۳ ۷۷۶۰ ۵۳ ۱۳۴۹ ۲۶ ۹۰۹۰۹ ۳۰۹۹۰-۶۹ ۲۶۹
۷۷۴۹۰ ۷۷۴۹ ۲۶ ۷۷ ۲۶ ۷۷۶۰ ۲۶۹

יב וְרֹאשׁ דָּבָר אֲחֵי לֹא תִשְׁבַּעוּ לֹא בְשָׁמִים וְלֹא בָּאָרֶץ
וְלֹא כָּל-שְׁבוּעָה אַחֲרַת וַיַּהֲיֵה הַנּוֹ שְׁלָכָם הַנּוֹ
וְלֹא שְׁלָכָם לֹא פָּנָ תִּפְלֵוּ בִּיהִי סְדִינָן:

**12. w'ro'sh dabar 'achay lo' thishab`u lo' bashamayim w'lo' ba'arets w'lo' kal-sh'bu`ah
'achereth wihi hen shelakem hen w'lo' shelakem lo' pen-tip'lu biydey hadin.**

Jam5:12 But above of all things, my brothers, do not swear, neither by the heavens nor by the earth nor with any other oath; but let Yes be that is to you Yes, and No that is to you No, lest you fall in my hands of judgment.

¶12 Πρὸ πάντων δέ, ἀδελφοί μου, μὴ ὄμνύετε μήτε τὸν οὐρανὸν μήτε τὴν γῆν μήτε ἄλλον τινὰ ὄρκον· ἥτω δὲ ὑμῶν τὸ Ναὶ ναὶ καὶ τὸ Οὐ οὕ, ἵνα μὴ ὑπὸ κρίσιν πέσητε.

12 Pro pantōn de, adelphoi mou, mē omnuete mēte ton ouranon

Before all things but, my brothers, do not swear, neither by the heavens

mēte tēn gēn mēte **allon tina horkon;**

nor the earth nor any other oath;

ētō de hymōn to Nai nai kai to Ou ou, hina mē hypo krisin pesēte.

But let be your Yes Yes and your No No, lest under judgment you fall.

ՀԱՅԻՆ ՀԵՂԻ ԿԳԸ ՏԵՐՆԱ ՊՎՏՔԻ 66ՀԽՆ ԿԸ ՊՄՆ-Ն Ս ՄԱԿ ՎԴՔ 13

יג א' איש מקום כי-יצר לו יתפלל ואשר ייטב לבו הוא יזemer:

13. 'ish mikem ki-yetsar lo yith'palel wa'asher yitab libo hu' y'zamer.

Jam5:13 Is anyone among you that is suffering? Let him pray.

And who would benefit his heart? Let him praise.

«13» Κακοπαθεῖ τις ἐν ὑμῖν, προσευχέσθω· εὐθυμεῖ τις, ψαλλέτω·

13 Kakopathei tis en hymin, proseuchesthō:

is suffering misfortune If anyone among you, let him pray;

euthymei tis, psalletō;

if anyone is happy, let him sing praise;

יד אֲרֵשׁ מִכֶּם כִּי־יְחַלֵּה יָקֹרָא אֶת־זָקָנִי הַקָּהָלָה
וַיִּתְפְּלָלוּ בְּעֵדוֹ וַיִּסּוּכְהוּ שָׁמָן בְּשֵׁם יְהוָה:

14. 'ish mikem ki-yecheleh yiqr'a' 'eth-ziq'ney haq'hillah
w'yith'palalu ba`ado wisukuhu shemen b'shem Yahúwah.

Jam5:14 Is anyone among you that is sick? Then he must call for the elders of the assembly and let them pray over him, anointing him with oil in the name of יהוה.

14 ἀσθενεῖ τις ἐν ὑμῖν, προσκαλεσάσθω τὸν πρεσβυτέρον τῆς ἐκκλησίας καὶ προσευξάσθωσαν ἐπ' αὐτὸν ἀλεύφαντες [αὐτὸν] ἐλαύω ἐν τῷ ὀνόματι τοῦ κυρίου.

14 asthenei tis en hymen, proskalesasthō tous presbyterous tēs ekklēsias,
is sick If anyone among you, let him call the elders of the assembly,
kai proseuxasthōsan ep' auton aleipsantes [auton] elaiō en tō onomati tou kyriou.
and let them pray over him, having anointed him with oil in the name of YHWH.

בְּעֵדוֹ כִּי־יְחַלֵּה יָקֹרָא אֶת־זָקָנִי הַקָּהָלָה
וַיִּתְפְּלָלוּ בְּעֵדוֹ וַיִּסּוּכְהוּ שָׁמָן בְּשֵׁם יְהוָה

טו וַתִּפְלַת חָמָנוּה תֹּשִׁיעַ אֶת־הַחֹלָה
וְיְהוָה יְקִימֶנוּ וְאַשְׁר חַטָּא יִפְלַח לֹ:

15. ut'h'philath ha'emunah toshi'a 'eth-hacholeh
waYahúwah y'qimenu wa'asher chata' yisalach lo.

Jam5:15 and the prayer of faith shall save the sick,
and יהוה shall raise him up, and whose sins shall be forgiven to him.

15 καὶ ἡ εὐχὴ τῆς πίστεως σώσει τὸν κάμυοντα καὶ ἐγερεῖ αὐτὸν ὁ κύριος·
καὶ ἀμαρτίας ἣν πεποιηκάσ, ἀφεθήσεται αὐτῷ.

15 kai hē euchē tēs pisteōs sōsei ton kamnonta
And the prayer of faith shall deliver the sick one
kai egerei auton ho kyrios;
and shall raise up him YHWH;
kan hamartias ē pepoiēkōs, aphethēsetai autō.
and if sins he may have been committing, it shall be forgiven to him.

וְיְהוָה עֻנוּתֵיכֶם אֲרֵשׁ לִפְנֵי רְעֵהוּ
וַתִּתְפְּלַל אֲרֵשׁ בְּעֵהוּ לְמַעַן תְּרִפָּהָה
כִּי־גָדוֹל כִּי־תִּפְלַת הַצָּדִיק הַקָּרָא אֶל־אֱלֹהִים בְּחִזּוֹקָה:

16. hith'wadu `aonotheykem 'ish liph'ney re`ehu w'hith'palalu 'ish b'ad re`ehu
I'ma'an terap'eu ki-gadol koach t'philath hatsadiq haqore' 'el-'Elohim b'chaz'qah.

Jam5:16 Confess your iniquities before one another, and pray for one another so that you may be healed that the great power of the prayer of a righteous one is the one crying out to Elohim strongly.

<16> ἔξομολογεῖσθε οὖν ἀλλήλοις τὰς ἀμαρτίας καὶ εὔχεσθε
ὑπὲρ ἀλλήλων ὅπως ἴαθῆτε. πολὺ ἴσχύει δέησις δικαιοῦ ἐνεργουμένη.

16 exomologeisthe oun allēlois tas hamartias

Confess, therefore, to one another your sins

kai euchesthe hyper allēlōn hopōs iathēte.

and pray on behalf of one another so that you may be cured.

poly ischuei deēsis dikaiou energoumenē.

Has great power the petition of a righteous man being effective.

אַתָּה אֱלֹהֵינוּ וְנָנוּ כְּמָנוּ וְהַתְּפִלֵּל תִּפְלֶל שֶׁלּא יִהְיֶה מַטָּר
וְלֹא־הִיה מַטָּר בְּאָרֶץ שֶׁלּשׁ שָׁנִים וְשָׁשָׁה חֲדָשִׁים:

17. 'EliYahu 'enosh 'anush hayah kamonu w'hith'palel t'philah shel' yih'yeh matar
w'lo'-hayah matar ba'arets shalosh shanim w'shishah chadashim.

Jam5:17 EliYahu (Elijah) was a man with a nature like ours,
and he prayed with prayer that there shall be no rain,
and it was no rain on the earth for three years and six months.

<17> Ἡλίας ἄνθρωπος ἦν ὁμοιοπαθὴς ἡμῖν, καὶ προσευχῇ προστηύξατο
τοῦ μὴ βρέξαι, καὶ οὐκ ἔβρεξεν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς ἐνιαυτοὺς τρεῖς καὶ μῆνας ἔξι.

17 Elias anthrōpos ēn homoiopathēs hēmin, kai proseuchē prosēuxato tou mē brexai,
Elijah was a man of like nature to us, and with prayer he prayed for it not to rain,
kai ouk ebrexen epi tēs gēs eniautous treis kai mēnas hex;
and it did not rain upon the earth three years and six months;

וַיָּשַׁב וַיִּתְפַּלֵּל וְהַשְׁמִים נָתָנוּ מַטָּר וְהָאָרֶץ הַצְמִיחָה אֲתָּה־פָּרִיה:

18. wayashab wayith'palel w'hashamayim nath'nu matar
w'ha'arets hits'michah 'eth-pir'yah.

Jam5:18 Then he sat down and prayed, and the heavens poured rain,
and the earth brought forth its fruit.

<18> καὶ πάλιν προστηύξατο, καὶ ὁ οὐρανὸς ὑετὸν ἔδωκεν
καὶ ἡ γῆ ἔβλαστησεν τὸν καρπὸν αὐτῆς.

18 kai palin prosēuxato, kai ho ouranos hueton edōken
And again he prayed, and the heavens gave rain
kai hē gē eblastēsen ton karpon autēs.
and the earth caused to sprout its fruit.

וְאֵת אֲחֵיכֶם כִּי יִתְעַזֵּה אִישׁ בְּכֶם מִן־הָאָמֶת וְאִישׁ אַחֲרֵיכֶם יִשְׁרַבְנֶה:

19. 'echay ki yith'eh 'ish bakem min-ha'emeth w'ish 'acher y'shibenu.

Jam5:19 My brothers, if any among you strays from the truth and one turns him back,

¶19 Ἄδειοί μου, ἐάν τις ἐν ὑμῖν πλανηθῇ ἀπὸ τῆς ἀληθείας καὶ ἐπιστρέψῃ τις αὐτόν,

**19 Adelphoi mou, ean tis en hymin planēthē apo tēs alētheias
My brothers, if anyone among you wanders from the truth
kai epistrepsē tis auton,
and turns back someone him,**

ՀԵՅ ՊԱՐԱ ԽԻՎԳՈՄ ՀՅՈՒՅՑ-Խ ԵՐՎԱՆԴ Կ Ս ՀԵ-ՕԴԻ 20
:ՄՐՈՎԵ ԿԵՎԾ-Ը ՀՅ ՄԵՎԾ Ի ՎԻՌ-Խ ՕՐՎԱՆ

**כ ידע-נא כי המשיב את-החותם מתקשות הרבה היא
ירושיע את-נפשו ממות ריבכה על-המן פעעים:**

**20. yeda`-na' ki hameshib 'eth-hachote' me`iq'shuth dar'ko hu' yoshi`a
'eth-naph'sho mimaweth wikaṣeh `al-hamon p'sha`im.**

Jam5:20 please let him know that he who turns a sinner from the stubbornness of his way
he shall save his soul from death and shall cover up a multitude of sins.

•**20** γινωσκέτω ὅτι ὁ ἐπιστρέψας ἀμαρτωλὸν ἐκ πλάνης ὁδοῦ αὐτοῦ σώσει ψυχὴν αὐτοῦ ἐκ θανάτου καὶ καλύψει πλήθος ἀμαρτιῶν.

20 ginōsketō hoti ho epistrepsas **hamartōlon** ek planēs

let him know that the one having turned back a sinner from the wandering

hodou autou **sōsei** psychēn autou **ek** thanatou **kai** **kaluuei** **plēthos hamartion**.

of his way shall save his soul from death and shall cover a multitude of sins.